Annex Two

MD-LOT European Protected Species Licence Case Handling Report

Licence Number: 00010407

Licensing Officer: [Redacted]

Site	Eastern Green Link 3 (EGL3) Cable Corridor	
Company	Scottish Hydro Electric Transmission Plc. Inveralmond House 200 Dunkeld Road Perth PH1 3AQ	
Applicant	[Redacted]	
Brief Description of Project	Geophysical Surveys for Electricity Cable Route	
Associated Licences	Basking Shark Licence 00010408	

Species	harbour porpoise (<i>Phocoena phocoena</i>);bottlenose dolphin (<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>);minke whale (<i>Balaenoptera acutorostrata</i>);Risso's dolphin (<i>Grampus griseus</i>);white sided dolphin (<i>Lagenorhynchus acutus</i>);short beaked common dolphin (<i>Delphinus delphis</i>);killer whale (<i>Orcinus orca</i>);white-beaked dolphin (<i>Lagenorhynchus albirostris</i>);humpback whale (<i>Megaptera novaeangliae</i>);long-finned pilot whale (<i>Globicephala melas</i>)
Inshore/Offshore	Inshore and Offshore

TEST 1	Purpose of licence
	preserving public health or public safety or other imperative reasons of overriding public interest including those of a social or economic nature and beneficial consequences of primary importance for the environment
Cammanda	

Comments

The Applicant has advised the following:

With regard to Test 1 there are several different purposes for which an EPS licence can be granted including, under Regulation 44(2)(e) of the Habitat Regulations and Regulation 55(6)(a) of the Offshore Marine Regulations, for 'preserving public health or public safety or other imperative reasons of overriding public interest including those of a social or economic nature and beneficial consequences of primary importance for the environment'.

NatureScot Guidance states that, when determining an EPS Licence application, it will be taken into account whether an activity or development is required to meet, or contribute to meeting, a specific need such as maintaining the environment of Scotland's people (including sustainable development and renewable or green energy), complying with national planning policies and supporting economic or social development (including nationally important infrastructure development projects and employment). The EGL3 project addresses a specific need in relation to creating additional network capacity and greater

MD-LOT European Protected Species Licence Case Handling Report

power transfer capability across the Anglo-Scottish border to facilitate distribution of increased offshore energy. Project will allow renewable energy to reach consumers in England. It is expected to create environmental benefits in support of the transition to the Net Zero 2050 target through reinforcement of the electricity transmission system to transport renewable energy from the centre of generating potential in Scotland to centres of demand in England. The associated surveying is required to support installation of subsea transmission link.

The effective distribution of offshore energy to meet demand areas can be seen as serving in the public interest, and falls within the UK Government's British Energy Security Strategy in respect of offshore wind and the requirement for additional network and transfer capacity.

In addition, the activity will contribute to statutory functions under Schedule 9 of the Electricity Act 1989.

Test 1	satisfied?	YES

TEST 2 Satisfactory alternatives

Comments

Regulation 44(3)(a) of the Habitat Regulations 1994 and Regulation 55(7)(a) of the Conservation of Offshore Marine Habitats and Species Regulations 2017 requires the Scottish Ministers to be satisfied that there is no satisfactory alternative before an EPS Licence can be issued for the Licensable Operations.

In this instance, the cable / survey covers a large area, and there are no alternative methods for surveying the seabed to assess conditions and finalise cable routing on such a scale. A reduction in survey scope using fewer instruments or using lower sound exposure levels could result in less confidence in the actual ground conditions along our long cable route and lower coverage, which may mean that some sensitive habitats could be missed. A lower level of quality geological data may mean further surveys are required in future, or mis-informed engineering design and installation methodology techniques being chosen.

Given the critical nature of the infrastructure being developed the 'do-nothing' alternative in this case (ie not to complete the survey scope proposed, and therefore not to develop the project) is not feasible.

Test 2 satisfied?	VES

TEST 3 Favourable Conservation Status ("FCS")

Comments

NatureScot has concluded in its advice of 18 July 2023 that the activity will not be detrimental to the maintenance of the populations of the species concerned at Favourable Conservation Status (FCS) in their natural range if the mitigation measures in in Section 5.3 of the Eastern Green Link 3 (EGL3) Protected Species Assessment & Marine Mammal Mitigation Plan (MMMP) EGL3 Cable Route Survey (ref: C01494_NGET_REP_D0124) are followed.

Test 3 satisfied?	YES

Date application received: 08/06/2023 **Date variation application received:**

Consultation start date: 09/16/2023 Consultation end date: 01/08/2023

Notes

Date Text Created By

Awaiting Information

Start date End date Duration (days) Waiting for Waiting on Information From

Licence issue date: 04/08/2023 Date report due: 03/09/2024