# **Annex A**

#### Annex 1

### **DESCRIPTION OF THE DEVELOPMENT**

The Development shall be approximately 6 km offshore from Dounreay, Caithness, with a generating capacity exceeding 1MW, with a permitted generating capacity not exceeding 12 MW and shall be comprised of:

- one single floating, semi-submersible, column-stabilised platform, comprising of buoyancy columns interconnected in a steel lattice truss framework. The maximum length will be 230 m, maximum width will be 135 m and maximum 15 m above water surface; the platform will rotate 360° and have a passive mooring system. The mooring system will consist of up to 8 mooring lines, passing through a 600 tonne clump weight suspended in the water beneath the platform. A total of 16 anchors will be attached to the mooring lines, two per line, with a maximum radius of 800 m from the platform centre;
- two Demonstration offshore wind turbine generators ("WTGs"). each with an installed capacity of up to 6 MW, giving a total maximum generating capacity not exceeding 12MW. Each turbine will be a three bladed structure with a maximum hub height of 124 m above Lowest Astronomical Tide ("LAT"), including the jacket, and with a maximum blade tip height of up to 201 m above LAT and a maximum rotor diameter of 154 m;
- grid infrastructure including the installation of one subsea cable which will bring the power ashore immediately to the west of the Dounreay Restoration Site fence line; and
- associated onshore infrastructure, including, underground cabling and turbine transformers comprising medium and low voltage container units, to be located at, or near to the existing Dounreay 132/33/11kV substation.

The Development must be constructed in accordance with that specified in the Application and by the conditions imposed by the Scottish Ministers.

References to "the Development" in this consent must be construed accordingly.

#### Annex 2

#### CONDITIONS

The consent granted under Section 36 of the Electricity Act 1989 and direction that planning permission be deemed to be granted under section 57 of the Town and Country Planning (Scotland) Act 1997 are subject to the following conditions:

The Company must submit the requested plans as detailed in the conditions prior to the Commencement of the Works/Development, in writing, to the Scottish Ministers for their written approval. Such approval may only be granted following consultation by the Scottish Ministers with any such advisors or organisations as detailed in the conditions or as may be required at the discretion of the Scottish Ministers.

The Development must, at all times, be constructed and operated in accordance with the approved plans, as updated or amended.

Any updates or amendments made to the approved plans must be submitted, in writing, to the Scottish Ministers for their prior written approval.

The Company must satisfy themselves that all contractors or sub-contractors are aware of the extent of the Development for which this consent has been granted, the activity which is consented, and the terms of the conditions attached to this consent. All contractors and sub-contractors permitted to engage in the Development must abide by the conditions set out in this consent.

The Company must ensure that all personnel adhere to the Scottish Marine Wildlife Watching Code, where appropriate, during all installation, operation and maintenance activities.

### 1. Duration of the Consent

The consent is for a period of 25 years from the date of the Final Commissioning of the first Wind Turbine Generator ("WTG").

Written confirmation of the date of the Final Commissioning of the first WTG must be provided by the Company to the Scottish Ministers, THC and SNH no later than one calendar month after the Final Commissioning of the first WTG.

**Reason:** To define the duration of the consent.

### 2. Commencement of Development

The Commencement of the Development must be no later than five years from the date of this consent, or in substitution such other period as the Scottish Ministers may hereafter agree and confirm in writing. Written confirmation of the intended date of Commencement of Development must be provided to THC, OIC and Scottish Ministers no later than one calendar month before that date or at such as time as agreed with Scottish Ministers.

**Reason:** To ensure that the Commencement of the Development is undertaken within a reasonable timescale after consent is granted.

## 3. Assignation

This consent may not be assigned without the prior written authorisation of the Scottish Ministers. The Scottish Ministers may authorise the assignation of the consent or refuse assignation as they may see fit. The consent is not capable of being assigned, alienated or transferred otherwise than in accordance with the foregoing procedure. The Company must notify the THC in writing of the name of the assignee, the principal named contact and contact details within 14 days of written confirmation from the Scottish Ministers of an assignation having been granted.

**Reason:** To safeguard the obligations of the consent if transferred to another company.

#### 4. Redundant turbines

In the event that for a continuous period of 6 months or more any WTG installed and commissioned and forming part of the Development fails to produce electricity on a commercial basis to the National Grid then, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Scottish Ministers and after consultation with the Company and any advisors as required at the discretion of the Scottish Ministers, any such WTG may be deemed by the Scottish Ministers to cease to be required. If so deemed, the WTG (together with any related infrastructure) must, within the period of 12 months from the date of the deeming decision by the Scottish Ministers, be decommissioned and the area of the Site upon which the WTG is located must be reinstated by the Company in accordance with the procedures laid out within the Company's Decommissioning Plan.

**Reason:** To ensure that any redundant wind turbine generators are removed from the Site, in the interests of safety, amenity and environmental protection.

# 5. Incident Reporting

In the event of any breach of health and safety or environmental obligations relating to the Development during the period of this consent, the Company must provide written notification of the nature and timing of the incident to the Scottish Ministers, including confirmation of remedial measures taken and/ or to be taken to rectify the breach, within 24 hours of the incident occurring.

**Reason:** To keep the Scottish Ministers informed of any such incidents which may be in the public interest.

### 6. Implementation in accordance with approved plans and requirements of this consent

Except as otherwise required by the terms of this consent and its associated deemed planning permission, the Development must be constructed and operated in accordance with the Application and the Environmental Statement submitted by the Company on 19th October 2016 and any other documentation lodged in support of the Application.

**Reason:** To ensure that the Development is carried out in accordance with the approved details.

## 7. Transportation for site inspections

As far as reasonably practicable, the Company must, on being given reasonable notice by the Scottish Ministers (of at least 72 hours), provide transportation to and from the Site for any persons authorised by the Scottish Ministers to inspect the Site.

**Reason:** To ensure access to the Site for the purpose of inspecting compliance with this Consent.

## 8. Construction Programme

The Company must, no later than 6 months prior to the Commencement of the Development, or at such a time as agreed with the Scottish Ministers, submit a Construction Programme ("CoP"), in writing, to the Scottish Ministers for their written approval. Such approval may only be granted following consultation by the Scottish Ministers with the SNH, MCA, NLB, SEPA, THC and OIC and any such other advisors or organisations as may be required at the discretion of the Scottish Ministers.

The CoP must set out, but not be limited to, the following:

- a) the proposed date for Commencement of Development;
- b) the proposed timings for mobilisation of plant and delivery of materials,
- c) including details of onshore lay-down areas;
- d) the proposed timings and sequencing of construction work for all elements of the Development infrastructure;
- e) contingency planning for poor weather or other unforeseen delays; and
- f) the scheduled date for Final Commissioning of the Development.

The Company must, prior to the Commencement of the Development, provide a copy of the final CoP, and any subsequent revisions as agreed by the Scottish Ministers, to the Defence Geographic Centre ("DGC").

**Reason:** To confirm the timing and programming of construction.

### 9. Offshore Construction Method Statement

The Company must, no later than 6 months prior to the Commencement of the Development, or at such a time as agreed with the Scottish Ministers, submit an Offshore Construction Method Statement ("OffCMS"), in writing, to the Scottish Ministers for their written approval. Such approval may only be granted following consultation by the Scottish Ministers with SNH, SEPA, THC, OIC, Dounreay Site Restoration Limited ("DSRL") and any such other advisors or organisations as may be required at the discretion of the Scottish Ministers.

The OffCMS must include, but not be limited to, the following:

- a) the construction procedures and good working practices for installing the
- b) Development;
- c) details of the roles and responsibilities, chain of command and contact details of company personnel, any contractors or sub-contractors involved during the construction of the Development;
- d) details of how the construction related mitigation steps proposed in the ES are to be delivered;
- e) a waste management plan for the construction phase of the Development; and
- f) continuous monitoring of radioactive particles.

The OffCMS must adhere to the construction methods assessed in the Application and ES. The OffCMS must also, so far as is reasonably practicable, be consistent with the Design Statement ("DS"), the Offshore Environmental Management Plan ("OffEMP"), the Vessel Management Plan ("VMP"), the Navigational Safety Plan ("NSP"), and conditions contained within Marine Licences 06178/17/0 and 06174/17/0.

**Reason:** To ensure the appropriate construction management of the Development, taking into account mitigation measures to protect the environment and other users of the marine area.

# 10. Development Specification and Layout Plan

The Company must, no later than 6 months prior to the Commencement of the Development, or at such a time as agreed with the Scottish Ministers, submit a Development Specification and Layout Plan ("DSLP"), in writing, to the Scottish Ministers for their written approval. Such approval may only be granted following consultation by the Scottish Ministers with SNH, SEPA, MoD, CAA, MCA, NLB, NATS, MCC, THC and OIC and any such other advisors or organisations as may be required at the discretion of the Scottish Ministers.

The DSLP must include, but not be limited to, the following:

- a) a plan showing the location of the floating platform (subject to any required micro-siting), including WTG identification/numbering, seabed conditions, bathymetry, confirmed anchor and mooring system for the platform and any key constraints recorded on the Site;
- a list of latitude and longitude coordinates accurate to three decimal places of minutes of arc for each anchor point. This should also be provided as a Geographic Information System ("GIS") shapefile using the World Geodetic System 1984 ("WGS84") format;
- c) a table or diagram of each WTG dimensions including height to blade tip (measured above Lowest Astronomical Tide ("LAT")) to the highest point, height to hub (measured above LAT to the centreline of the generator shaft), rotor diameter and maximum rotation speed;
- d) the generating capacity of each WTG used on the Site, and a confirmed generating capacity for the Site overall;
- e) the finishes for each WTG (and in accordance with conditions contained within Marine Licences 06178/17/0 and 06174/17/0); and
- f) the length and proposed arrangements on the seabed of the anchor and mooring system.

**Reason:** To confirm the final Development specification and layout.

### 11. Design Statement

The Company must, no later than 6 months prior to the Commencement of the Development, or at such a time as agreed with the Scottish Ministers, submit a Design Statement ("DS"), in writing, to the Scottish Ministers. The DS, which must be signed off by at least one qualified landscape architect as instructed by the Company prior to submission to the Scottish Ministers, must include representative wind farm visualisations from key viewpoints as agreed with the Scottish Ministers, based upon the final DSLP as approved by the Scottish Ministers as updated or amended. The Company must provide the DS, for information only, to SNH, THC, OIC, HES, MCC and any such other advisors or organisations as may be required at the discretion of the Scottish Ministers.

**Reason:** To ensure that the Development is carried out in accordance with the approved details, and to inform interested parties of the final wind farm scheme proposed to be built.

### 12. Offshore Environmental Management Plan

The Company must, no later than 6 months prior to the Commencement of the Development, or at such a time as agreed with the Scottish Ministers, submit an Offshore Environmental Management Plan ("OffEMP"), in writing, to the Scottish Ministers for their written approval. Such approval may

only be granted following consultation by the Scottish Ministers with SNH, SEPA, and any such other advisors or organisations as may be required at the discretion of the Scottish Ministers.

The OffEMP must provide the over-arching framework for on-site environmental management during the phases of development as follows:

- a) all construction as required to be undertaken before the Final Commissioning of the Development; and
- b) the operational lifespan of the Development from the Final Commissioning of the Development until the cessation of electricity generation. (in accordance with conditions contained within Marine Licences 06178/17/0 and 06174/17/0).

The OffEMP must be in accordance with the ES insofar as it relates to environmental management measures. The OffEMP must set out the roles, responsibilities and chain of command for the Company personnel, any contractors or sub-contractors in respect of environmental management for the protection of environmental interests during the construction and operation of the Development. It must address, but not be limited to, the following over-arching requirements for environmental management during construction:

- a) mitigation measures to prevent significant adverse impacts to environmental interests, as identified in the ES and pre-consent and preconstruction monitoring or data collection, and include the relevant parts of the Offshore and Onshore CMS;
- b) a Pollution Prevention and Control Method Statement, including contingency plans;
- c) management measures to prevent the introduction of invasive non-native marine species;
- d) a site waste management plan (dealing with all aspects of waste produced during the construction period), including details of contingency planning in the event of accidental release of materials which could cause harm to the environment. Wherever possible the waste hierarchy of reduce, re-use and recycle should be encouraged;
- e) the reporting mechanisms that will be used to provide the Scottish Ministers and relevant stakeholders (including, but not limited to, SNH and SEPA) with regular updates on construction activity, including any environmental issues that have been encountered and how these have been addressed.

The Company must, no later than 3 months prior to the Final Commissioning of the Development, or at such a time as agreed with the Scottish Ministers, submit an updated OffEMP to cover the operation and maintenance activities for the Development, in writing to the Scottish Ministers for their written approval. Such approval may be given only following consultation with SNH, SEPA and any such other advisors or organisations as may be required at the discretion of the Scottish Ministers. The OffEMP must be regularly reviewed by the Company and the Scottish Ministers, at intervals agreed by the Scottish Ministers. Reviews must include, but not be limited to, the reviews of updated information on construction methods and operations of the Development and updated working practices.

The OffEMP must be informed, so far as is reasonably practicable, by the baseline monitoring or data collection undertaken as part of the Application and the Project Environmental Monitoring Programme ("PEMP").

**Reason:** To ensure that all construction and operation activities are carried out in a manner that minimises their impact on the environment, and that mitigation measures contained in the ES, or as otherwise agreed, are fully implemented.

### 13. Vessel Management Plan

The Company must, no later than 6 months prior to the Commencement of the Development, or at such a time as agreed with the Scottish Ministers, submit a Vessel Management Plan ("VMP"), in writing, to the Scottish Ministers for their written approval. Such approval may only be granted following consultation by the Scottish Ministers with SNH, WDC and any such other advisors or organisations as may be required at the discretion of the Scottish Ministers.

The VMP must include, but not be limited to, the following:

- a) the number, types and specification of vessels required;
- b) how vessel management will be co-ordinated, particularly during construction but also during operation; and
- c) location of working port(s), how often vessels will be required to transit between port(s) and the Site and indicative vessel transit corridors proposed to be used during construction and operation of the Development;

The confirmed individual vessel details must be notified to the Scottish Ministers, in writing, no later than 14 days prior to the Commencement of the Development, or at such a time as agreed with the Scottish Ministers, and thereafter, any changes to the details supplied must be notified to the Scottish Ministers, as soon as practicable, prior to any such change being implemented in the construction or operation of the Development.

The VMP must, so far as is reasonably practicable, be consistent with the OffCMS, the OffEMP, the PEMP, the NSP and conditions contained within Marine Licences 06178/17/0 and 06174/17/0.

**Reason:** To mitigate disturbance or impact to marine mammals and birds.

# 14. Offshore Operation and Maintenance Programme

The Company must, no later than 6 months prior to the Commissioning of the first WTG or at such a time as agreed with the Scottish Ministers, submit an Offshore Operation and Maintenance Programme ("OffOMP"), in writing, to the Scottish Ministers for their written approval. Such approval may only be granted following consultation by the Scottish Ministers with SNH, THC, OIC, SEPA, and any such other advisors or organisations as may be required at the discretion of the Scottish Ministers.

The OffOMP must set out the procedures and good working practices for operations and the maintenance of the WTGs and substructures of the Development.

The OffOMP must, so far as is reasonably practicable, be consistent with the OffEMP, the PEMP, the VMP, the NSP,) and conditions contained within Marine Licences 06178/17/0 and 06174/17/0.

**Reason:** To safeguard environmental interests during operation and maintenance of the offshore generating station.

# 15. Navigational Safety Plan

The Company must, no later than 6 months prior to the Commencement of the Development or at such a time as agreed with the Scottish Ministers, submit a Navigational Safety Plan ("NSP"), in writing, to the Scottish Ministers for their written approval. Such approval may only be granted following consultation by the Scottish Ministers with MCA, NLB, RYA Scotland and any other navigational advisors or organisations as may be required at the discretion of the Scottish Ministers.

The NSP must include, but not be limited to, the following:

- a) navigational safety measures;
- b) construction exclusion zones;
- c) notice(s) to Mariners and Radio Navigation Warnings;
- d) anchoring areas;
- e) temporary construction lighting and marking;
- f) emergency response and coordination arrangements (ERCoP) for the construction, operation and decommissioning phases of the Development and to be in accordance conditioned in Marine Licences 06178/17/0 and 06174/17/0; and
- g) buoyage.

The Company must confirm within the NSP that they have taken into account and adequately addressed all of the recommendations of the MCA in the current Marine Guidance Note 543 ("MGN 543"), and its annexes that may be appropriate to the Development, or any other relevant document which may supersede said guidance prior to approval of the NSP.

**Reason:** To mitigate the navigational risk to other legitimate users of the sea.

# 16. Project Environmental Monitoring Programme

The Company must, no later than 6 months prior to the Commencement of the Development or at such a time as agreed with the Scottish Ministers, submit a Project Environmental Monitoring Programme ("PEMP"), in writing, to the Scottish Ministers for their written approval. Such approval may only be granted following consultation by the Scottish Ministers with SNH, RSPB Scotland, WDC and any other ecological advisors or organisations as required at the discretion of the Scottish Ministers. The PEMP must be in accordance with the Application and the ES as it relates to environmental monitoring.

The PEMP must set out measures by which the Company must monitor the environmental impacts of the whole Development, including offshore and onshore works. Monitoring is required throughout the lifespan of the Development where this is deemed necessary by the Scottish Ministers. Lifespan in this context includes preconstruction, construction, operational and decommissioning phases.

The Scottish Ministers must approve all initial methodologies for the above monitoring, in writing.

Monitoring must be done in such a way so as to ensure that the data which is collected allows useful and valid comparisons between different phases of the Development. Monitoring may also serve the purpose of verifying key predictions in the Application and the ES. In the event that further potential adverse environmental effects are identified, for which no predictions were made in the Application or the ES, the Scottish Ministers may require the Company to undertake additional monitoring.

The PEMP must cover, but not be limited to, the following:

- a) pre-construction, construction (if considered appropriate by the Scottish Ministers) and postconstruction monitoring or data collection as relevant in terms of the ES and any subsequent monitoring or data collection for:
  - birds. This should include, but not be limited to, a detailed entanglement monitoring and reporting schedule, as well as a post consent monitoring plan for bird strike;
  - ii) marine mammals. This should include, but not be limited to, a detailed entanglement monitoring and reporting schedule, particularly of load on the moorings from derelict fishing gear; and
  - iii) onshore impacts of the development; and
- the participation and contribution to be made by the Company to data collection or monitoring of wider strategic relevance, identified and agreed by the Scottish Ministers, and may include but not necessarily be limited to:
  - i) the density and distribution of seabirds within the site-specific survey area; and
  - ii) the behaviour and interaction of marine mammals and seabirds around the platform and turbine structures.

Any pre-consent monitoring or data collection carried out by the Company to address any of the above issues may be used, in part, to discharge this condition subject to the written approval of the Scottish Ministers.

The PEMP is a live document which will be regularly reviewed by the Scottish Ministers, at timescales to be determined by them to identify the appropriateness of on-going monitoring. Following such reviews, the Scottish Ministers may, in consultation with ecological advisors or organisations as required at the discretion of the Scottish Ministers, require the Company to amend the PEMP and submit such an amended PEMP, in writing, to the Scottish Ministers, for their written approval. Such approval may only be granted following consultation, by the Scottish Ministers, with the SNH, RSPB Scotland, WDC and any other ecological advisors or organisations as may be required at the discretion of the Scottish Ministers.

The Company must submit written reports and associated raw data of such monitoring or data collection to the Scottish Ministers at timescales to be determined by them. Subject to any legal restrictions regarding the treatment of the information, the results will be made publicly available by the Scottish Ministers or by such other party appointed at their discretion.

**Reason:** To ensure that appropriate and effective monitoring of the impacts of the Development is undertaken.

### 17. Fisheries Management and Mitigation Strategy

The Company must, no later than 6 months prior to the Commencement of the Development or at such a time as agreed with the Scottish Ministers, submit a Fisheries Management and Mitigation Strategy ("FMMS"), in writing, to the Scottish Ministers for their written approval.

In order to inform the production of the FMMS, the Company must monitor or collect data as relevant and agreed with Scottish Ministers in terms of the ES and any subsequent monitoring or data collection for:

- a. the impacts on the adjacent coastline;
- b. the effects on local fishermen; and
- c. the effects on other users of the sea.

As part of any finalised FMMS, the Company must produce and implement a mitigation strategy for each commercial fishery that can prove to the Scottish Ministers that they would be adversely affected by the Development. The Company must implement all mitigation measures committed to be carried out by the Company within the FMMS. Any contractors, or sub-contractors working for the Company, must co-operate with the fishing industry to ensure the effective implementation of the FMMS.

### Reason: To mitigate the impact on commercial fishermen.

#### 18. Environmental Clerk of Works

Prior to the Commencement of the Development, the Company must at its own expense, and with the approval of the Scottish Ministers in consultation with SNH and SEPA, appoint an independent Onshore and Offshore Environmental Clerk of Works ("ECoW"). The ECoW must be appointed in time to review and approve the draft version of the first plan or programme submitted under this consent to the Scottish Ministers and remain in post until agreed by the Scottish Ministers. The terms of appointment must be approved by Scottish Ministers, in consultation with SNH, SEPA and THC.

The terms of the appointment must include, but not be limited to, the following:

- a) quality assurance of final draft versions of all plans and programmes required under this consent;
- b) responsibility for the monitoring and compliance of the consent conditions and the environmental mitigation measures;
- c) provision of on-going advice and guidance to the Company in relation to achieving compliance with consent conditions, including but not limited to the conditions relating to the Offshore and Onshore CMS, the Offshore and Onshore EMP, the CaP, the PEMP, and the VMP:
- d) provision of reports on point c) above to the Scottish Ministers at timescales to be determined by the Scottish Ministers;
- e) inducting and toolbox talks to onsite construction teams on environmental policy and procedures and keeping a record of these;
- f) monitoring that the Development is being constructed according to the plans and this consent, the Application and ES and compliance with all relevant legislation;
- g) reviewing and reporting incidents/near misses and reporting any changes in procedures as a result; and
- h) agreement of a communication strategy with the Scottish Ministers.

**Reason:** To ensure effective monitoring of, and compliance with, the environmental mitigation and management measures associated with the Development.

#### 19. Fisheries Liaison Officer

Prior to the Commencement of the Development, a Fisheries Liaison Officer ("FLO") must be appointed by the Company and approved, in writing, by the Scottish Ministers following consultation with SFF, the East Coast and Northern Inshore Fisheries Group and any other advisors or

organisations as may be required at the discretion of Scottish Ministers. The FLO must be appointed by the Company for the period from Commencement of the Development until the Final Commissioning of the Development. The identity and credentials of the FLO must be included in the OffEMP. The FLO must establish and maintain effective communications between the Company, any contractors or sub-contractors, fishermen and other users of the sea during the construction of the Development and ensure compliance with best practice guidelines whilst doing so.

The responsibilities of the FLO must include, but not be limited to, the following:

- a) establishing and maintaining effective communications between the Company, any contractors or sub-contractors, fishermen and other users of the sea concerning the overall project and any amendments to the OffCMS and site environmental procedures;
- b) the provision of information relating to the safe operation of fishing activity at the site of the Development; and
- c) ensuring that information is made available and circulated in a timely manner to minimise interference with fishing operations and other users of the sea.

**Reason:** To mitigate the impact on commercial fishermen.

### 20. SpORRAn (Scottish Offshore Renewables Research Framework)

The Company must, to the satisfaction of the Scottish Ministers, participate in the monitoring requirements as laid out in the Scottish Offshore Renewables Research Framework (SpORRAn), in particular for diadromous fish. The extent and nature of the Company's participation must be agreed by the Scottish Ministers.

Reason: To ensure effective monitoring of the effects on migratory fish at a local level.

# 21. Fisheries Working Group

The Company must participate in a Fisheries Working Group ("FWG"), or any successor group, formed to facilitate commercial fisheries dialogue, for the purposes of defining and finalising a Fishing Management and Mitigation Strategy ("FMMS"). The FWG must adhere to the working group protocol.

Reason: To mitigate the impacts on commercial fishermen

### 22. Scottish Strategic Marine Environment Group

The Company must participate in any Scottish Strategic Marine Environment Group (SSMEG) established by the Scottish Ministers for the purposes of advising the Scottish Ministers on research, monitoring and mitigation programmes for, but not limited to, ornithology, diadromous fish, marine mammals and commercial fish.

**Reason:** To ensure effective environmental monitoring and mitigation is undertaken at a National scale