

T: +44 (0)300 244 5046 E: <u>ms.marinelicensing@gov.scot</u>

Conservation (Natural Habitats, &c.) Regulations 1994 (as amended)

Application for a licence to disturb or injure marine European protected species (EPS) for one of the following purposes

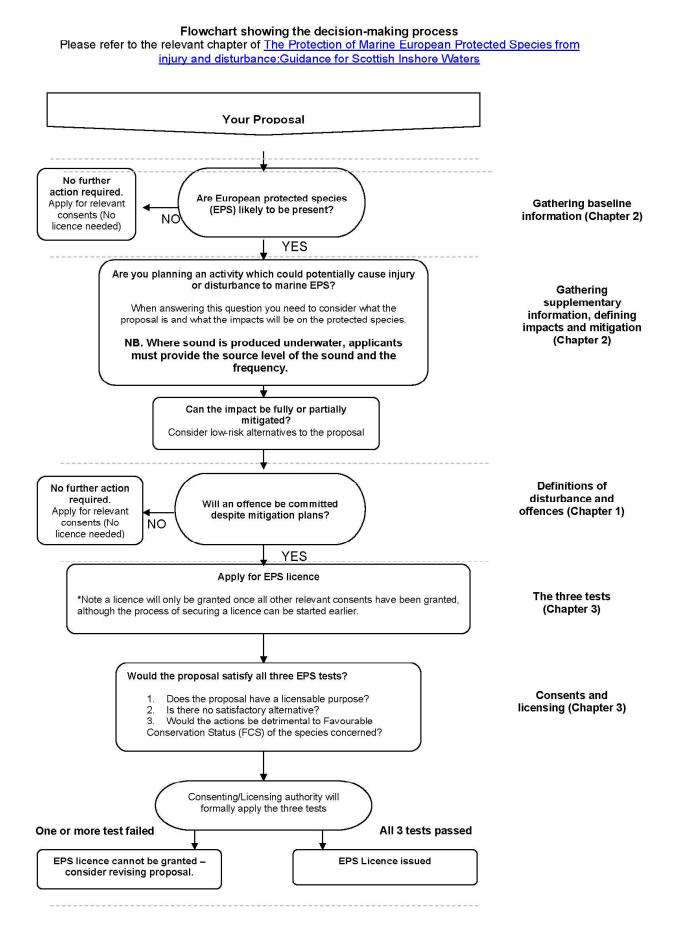
- For preserving public health or public safety
- For an imperative reason of overriding public interest (including those of a social or economic nature and beneficial consequences of primary importance for the environment)
- For preventing the spread of disease
- For preventing serious damage to livestock, foodstuffs for livestock, crops,vegetables, fruit, growing timber or any other form of property, or to fisheries.

Please use this application form if you wish to undertake works/activities that would affect European protected species in the Scottish inshore marine area (0 – 12nm).

IMPORTANT: Before completing this form, please read these notes carefully

Applicants are advised to read these notes in conjunction with <u>The Protection of Marine European Protected</u> <u>Species from injury and disturbance:Guidance for Scottish Inshore Waters</u>. If further clarification is needed please contact Marine Scotland Licensing Operations Team (MS-LOT) on 0300 244 5046 or email: <u>ms.marinelicensing@qov.scot</u>





Marine Laboratory, 375 Victoria Road, Aberdeen AB11 9DB http://www.gov.scot/Topics/marine/Licensing/marine



Please complete all relevant sections of the form.

Please ensure that you answer questions fully in order to avoid delays.

The completed application should be sent to Marine Scotland Licensing Operations Team (MS-LOT) at the address below or emailed to <u>ms.marinelicensing@gov.scot</u>.

We will not process unsigned application forms.

Please ensure that you provide appropriate information to support your application. Applicants can provide this supporting information in the form of an EPS Risk Asessment. Guidance can be found in <u>The Protection of Marine European Protected Species from injury and disturbance:Guidance for Scottish Inshore</u> <u>Waters.</u> Please contact MS-LOT if you wish to discuss the level of supporting documentation required for your application. Failure to provide sufficient supporting information may delay the consultation and licensing process.

MS-LOT will aim to determine whether a licence should be issued within 6 to 8 weeks of acceptance of a **completed application**. However, please note that for large scale or complex projects, the determination period may be longer.

If you experience any problems filling in this form, please contact MS-LOT.

Please use this application form if you wish to undertake works/activities that would affect European protected species in the Scottish marine area (0 - 12nm).

Please note that European protected species are also protected in the offshore marine environment (between 12 and 200 nautical miles). Species in this area are protected under The Conservation of Offshore Marine Habitats and Species Regulations 2017.

Do not use this form if your application relates to scientific, research, conservation or educational purposes. Please contact Scottish Natural Heritage (SNH Licensing, Great Glen House, Leachkin Road, Inverness IV3 8NW, Telephone 01463 725000, email <u>licensing@snh.gov.uk</u> or visit <u>their website</u>) for a licence application for these purposes. SNH also issues licences for the purposes of marking animals or plants in relation to conservation or introducing them to particular areas for conserving natural habitats, and for protecting zoological or botanical collections.

Before a licence can be granted, it is essential that other relevant licences or consents have been secured for the proposed activity (eg Marine licence).

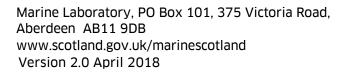
It is the responsibility of the applicant to obtain any other consents or authorisations that may be required.

Part A Section 1 Personal details

Please provide details of the individual, company or partnership you wish to be named on the licence. The licensee is responsible for ensuring compliance with the licence and its conditions. Under the Conservation (Natural Habitats) Regulations 1994 (as amended) it is an offence to fail to comply with the terms and conditions of a licence.

Section 2 Previous applications

Please provide details of any previous relevant licences.





Part B Section 3

Species

Please provide details of the species that will be affected by the work, the number likely to be affected and a description of how this number was determined. This information can be described in detail in your supporting information. You will need to provide detailed proposals (to be included in the 'Supporting information') of all the mitigation work that you plan to carry out which will affect European protected species.

Location

Describe the location of the proposed works. Include a list of the latitude and longitude co-ordinates (WGS84) of the boundary points of the proposed project. WGS84 is the World Geodetic System 1984 and the reference co-ordinate system used for marine licence applications. Co-ordinates taken from GPS equipment should be set to WGS84. Coordinates taken from recent admiralty charts will be on a WGS84 compatible datum. Ordnance survey maps do not use WGS84. In a few cases, (e.g. laying of cables or pipelines) it may only be practicable to supply co-ordinates for the start and end points.

Example: For positions read from charts the format should be as in the example: 55°55.555'N 002°22.222'W (WGS84). The decimal point specifies that decimals of minutes are used and the datum is stated explicitly. If seconds are used then the format should be as in the example: 55°55'44"N 2°22'11"W (WGS84).

It is important that the correct positions, in the correct format, are included with this application, as any errors will result in the application being refused or delayed.

Section 4 Consideration of designated sites

Please provide details of any designated sites affected by your proposals. You are advised to consult Scottish Natural Heritage, or other appropriate regulator, if the work you propose to do affects a Natura site, an MPA or a Site of Special Scientific Interest.

Section 5 Activities to be licensed

Please indicate the activities you intend to undertake that would otherwise be unlawful Provide details of the proposed commencement and completion dates of the activities. **The licence start date** will not be backdated, since to commence a project for which a licence has not been obtained may constitute an offence resulting in appropriate legal action.

It is the licensee's responsibility to apply for any further licences or an extension prior to the expiry of the initial licence.

Section 6 Purpose of the licence application

Please indicate the purpose of the licence application, the first of the legal tests. **Please complete the relevant Annex to provide justification for the licensing purpose.** This is the legal basis of the application.

Section 7 Satisfactory alternatives

Please provide your consideration of why there is no satisfactory alternative. This must include all other options that have been evaluated, the alternative sites that were considered by you and why they were rejected (if no other sites were considered, you must provide the reasons why), as well as all alternative methods of carrying out the work and alternatives dates / timings.

In relation to each alternative considered, please provide an explanation of why you consider it to be satisfactory or unsatisfactory. In respect of any alternative sites please provide the location(s) and details of the alternative site(s), or your views on how the activity/proposal might have been achieved differently, and any other helpful information; e.g., pros and cons of alternative sites, or whether there is likely to be demand for all suitable sites to be used to meet an identified need. Please explain how this conclusion was reached.

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Section 8 Summary of the planning / licensing position

Detail all consents and licences required for the proposed project and indicate those that you have applied for or received.

Section 9 Noise Monitoring

Under the Marine Strategy Regulations (2010), there is now a requirement to monitor loud, low to mid frequency (10Hz to 10kHz) impulsive noise. This includes use of seismic airguns, other geophysical surveys (<10kHz), pile driving, explosives and certain acoustic deterrent devices. This monitoring requires completion of a form at the application stage (giving details of the proposed work) as well as completion of a 'close-out' form (giving details of the actual dates and locations where the activities occurred). The close-out form should be returned within 12 weeks of completing the 'noisy' activity or, in the case of prolonged activities such as piling for harbour construction or wind farms, at quarterly intervals or after each phase of foundation installation.

These forms are available at: https://mnr.jncc.gov.uk//

Section 10 Privacy notice

This section briefly describes the Scottish Ministers responsibilities in relation to Data Protection based on the requirements of the data protection laws and the Environmental Information (Scotland) Regulations 2004 and the Freedom of Information (Scotland) Act 2002.

Part D Section 11 Declaration and warning

It is important to read the Declaration and Warning sections before signing the application form.

Site visits and compliance checks

It is possible that the licensing authority may undertake a site visit prior to the issue of a licence. The majority of site visits will be arranged several days in advance and will be conducted in the presence of the licensee (or applicant) however there may be occasions when a site visit will be made at short notice.

Licensees should be aware that they may receive a request for a site visit by the licensing authority, or a person authorised by the licensing authority, to assess site conditions against the conditions of the licence. It is essential that if any of the agreed mitigation measures contained in the application and supporting information are changed for any reason, the licensing authority is informed as soon as possible.

The Licensing authority will monitor compliance with licences issued based on the information included in licence reports.

Where to seek further information

Further information can be obtained from Licensing Operations Team at the address below. If your proposal relates to one of the purposes for which SNH is the licensing authority, please contact your local office of SNH.

Licensing Operations Team Marine Scotland 375 Victoria Road Aberdeen T AB11 9DB E

Tel: 0300 244 5046 Email: <u>MS.marinelicensing@gov.scot</u>

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<u>Disclaimer</u>

While every effort has been made to ensure the information contained in this document is accurate, nothing in this document should be taken to replace the current legislation in force at this time. You are advised to obtain qualified legal advice in relation to your rights and responsibilities under the 1994 Regulations and other legislation.



Part A. The Applicant: Personal details

These questions relate to the person who will be the **named licensee**. The licence can be issued to an individual or a company or a partnership and the licensee will be responsible for ensuring compliance with the licence and the conditions of the licence. Under the Conservation (Natural Habitats) Regulations 1994 (as amended) it is an offence to fail to comply with any condition imposed by a licence.

1. Name of applicant

[Redacted]

Company Name: Inc	h Cape Offshore Limited
Business Title (if Appropriate):
Address:	Red Rock Power, 5th Floor, 40 Princes Street, Edinburgh, EH2 2BY
Tel no. (inc. dialling code):	[Redacted]
Email address:	info@inchcapewind.co.uk
2. The Applicant: Pre	vious applications:
Have you previously held a v	vildlife licence issued in the UK? (please tick as appropriate)
Yes ☑No (If yes, please	complete below, if no, please go to Part B)
Who issued the licence?	arine Scotland
Licence number (most recen	t licence) EPS/BS-00010280
Year in which the licence wa	s issued. 2023
What species were covered	by the licence? Harbour porpoise (Phocoena phocoena); bottlenose dolphin (Tursiops truncatus); minke whale (Balaenoptera acutorostrata); white sided dolphin (Lagenorhynchus acutus) and white-beaked dolphin (Lagenorhynchus albirostris).
What activity was covered by	/ the licence e.g. disturb, injure? Use of Sub-bottom Profiler ("SBP") Sparker, SBP Innomar and Ultra-Short Baseline System ("USBL").

INVESTOR IN PEOPLE C

Part B. The Application

3. Species

(a) Please indicate which species is / are affected by the proposed works.

Common name(s): Harbour porpoise, bottlenose dolphin, white-beaked dolphin, minke whale, common dolphin, Risso's dolphin, white-sided dolphin, killer whale, long-finned pilot whale, fin whale, humpback whale, sei whale.
Scientific name(s) Phocoena phocoena, Tursiops truncatus, Lagenorhynchus albirostris, Balaenoptera acutorostrata, Delphinus delphis, Grampus griseus, Lagenorhynchus acutus, Orcinus orca, Globicephala melas, Balaenoptera

physalus, Megaptera novaeangliae, Balaenoptera borealis.

(b) How many individual animals will be affected by licensed work?

Numbers of individuals which have the potential for a behavioural response: Harbour porpoise - 47 Bottlenose dolphin - 6 White-beaked dolphin - 6 Minke whale - 3

Please provide a description of how this number was calculated / estimated

The 5 km effective deterrence range for 'other geophysical surveys' (JNCC Report No. 654) was used to as the radius in the formula area = πr^2 to estimate the area of the zone of potential impact. The SCANS-IV density estimates (Gilles et al., 2023) were used to estimate the number of individuals of harbour porpoise, white-beaked dolphin and minke whale with potential to be present within the zone of potential impact. With the absence of a density estimation for the location of the offshore wind farm the number of bottlenose dolphins to be impacted was based on a density surface created from the population estimates of the inshore bottlenose dolphin population. See section 5 of the EPS Risk Assessment for details.

(c) Location of proposed licensed action

Latitude and Longitude co-ordinates (WGS84) defining the extent of the project. Please continue on a separate sheet if necessary.

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(d) Provide a brief description of the proposed activity and the methods to be used. Detailed information should be included in your Supporting Information Please provide details of the source levels and frequencies of underwater noise if relevant

Inch Cape Offshore Limited (ICOL) are planning to undertake boulder relocation and potential unexploded ordnance (pUXO) target investigation work at the Inch Cape Offshore Wind Farm (OWF)

A boulder relocation campaign will be required across the Inch Cape OWF (Development Area (DA) and Export Cable Corridor (ECC)) to allow installation of the offshore substation platform, wind turbine generators (WTG), and inter-array and export cables. Boulder relocation will be undertaken using either a Subsea Multi Tool Remotely Operated Vehicle (SMT-ROV) or a Utility Remotely Operated Vehicle (UTROV) Smart Tine Grab. All boulder relocation equipment (ROVs, grabs and ploughs) will be equipped with a Ultra-Short Baseline (USBL) system to monitor positioning (Frequency: 20-34 kHz; Max SPL 194 dB re 1 µPa @ 1 m)

A pre-construction UXO survey to enable the discrimination of pUXO threat items will be undertaken across the Inch Cape OWF (DA and ECC). Offshore UXO target investigation work will be undertaken using a Work-Class Remotely Operated Vehicle (WROV). The WROV will be equipped with a USBL system (Frequency: 20-34 kHz; Max SPL 196 dB re 1 µPa @ 1 m). Nearshore (in water depths < 10 m) UXO target investigation will be undertaken by divers. No sound emitting equipment will be used during nearshore UXO target investigation.

Both boulder relocation and pUXO target investigation work will also use Multi Beam Echo Sounder's (MBES) and Imaging Sonar. Both of these equipment types will operate at >200 kHz (outwith the hearing range of all marine mammal hearing groups).

The estimated date of mobilisation for both the boulder relocation and pUXO target investigation work is Q4 2024. The boulder relocation works will take an estimated 7 months to complete. The pUXO arget investigation work is estimated to take 75 days to complet

There is a possibility that the boulder relocation work and pUXO target investigation will be undertaken sequentially (not concurrently). Therefore, the maximum duration of the works will be 9 months.

(e) Briefly state how you will minimise the impact of your proposed work on European protected species. Detailed information should be included in your Supporting Information.

No mitigation measures are proposed for the boulder relocation works.

No mitigation measures are proposed for the use of acoustic equipment (USBL, MBES and Imaging Sonar) during boulder relocation or pUXO target investigation works. This is due to the sounds produced by this equipment falling outside the hearing range of all marine mammal functional hearing groups or not reaching the SPL thresholds to cause auditory injury in marine mammals.

Transit watches will be conducted and actions in line with the Scottish Marine Wildlife Watching Code implemented.

See Section 5 and 6 of the EPS Risk Assessment for details.

4. Consideration of designated sites

(b)

Designated Areas: National Nature Reserves (NNR), Sites of Specific Scientific Interest (SSSI), Special Protection Area (SPA), Special Areas of Conservation (SAC), Ramsar sites, Marine Protected Areas (MPA). designated Scottish Information on sites is available on Natural Heritage website (http://gateway.snh.gov.uk/sitelink/) or from your local SNH office.

Will any part of the proposed activity fall within /or adjacent to an area covered by a (a) designated site eg SSSI, SAC, MPA?

Please give the name of the designated site(s) and either the outcome of your consultations or the reason why you have not consulted (see note 4). Please enclose any relevant correspondence.

The closest designated sites (SACs) for EPS (the Moray Firth SAC (designated for bottlenose dolphins) and the Southern North Sea SAC (designated for harbour porpoises)), are both >200 km from the Inch Cape OWF.

There are SACs for seals closer to the Inch Cape OWF. The Isle of May SAC (designated for grey seals) is is approximately 4-5 km from the Inch Cape OWF (cable corridor) at its closest point whilst the Firth of Tay and Eden Estuary SAC (designated for harbour seals) is approximately 25 km from the Inch Cape OWF at its closest point.



Yes 🗌 No 🖌

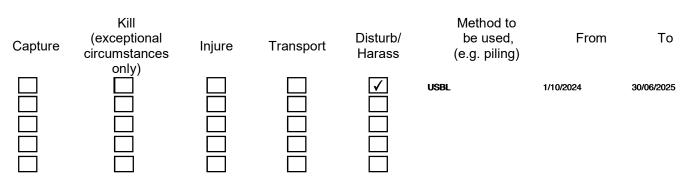
5. Activities to be Licenced

Proposed Methods

(a) Please complete all relevant columns in the table below to indicate the methods you propose to use, the activity involved and the time period in which you propose to use each method. This information will be used when preparing the licence to cover activities that would otherwise be unlawful, and failure to give full details may result in an inappropriate licence being issued.

Activity to be licensed (please tick)

Time period



6. Purposes of the licence application (tick one box only)

A licence can only be issued if 3 specific legal tests are met. The section below relates to the first of these tests. The options shown are taken from the **Conservation (Natural Habitats, &c.) Regulations 1994 (as amended).**

Please indicate which purpose relates to the proposed works

(a) Preserving public health or public safety (we will require evidence that there is a risk to public health or public safety e.g. an imminent risk of flooding) Regulation 44(2)(e)

Complete Annex A

(b) Imperative reasons of overriding public interest (*including those of a social or economic nature and beneficial consequences of primary importance for the environment*) Regulation 44(2)(e)

Complete Annex B

(c) Preventing the spread of disease Regulation 44(2)(f)

Complete Annex C

(d) Preventing serious damage to livestock, foodstuffs for livestock, crops, vegetables, fruit, growing timber or any other form of property, or to fisheries Regulation 44(2)(g).

Complete AnnexD



7. Satisfactory alternatives

This relates to the second of the legal tests which must be satisfied. Please explain why there is no satisfactory alternative to carrying out the proposed work affecting the species. You must describe all possible alternatives which were considered and why they were considered unsuitable. You must also consider the option of not undertaking the work. It is not acceptable to state that 'there is no alternative'.

Option 1: Do not undertake the work This project will significantly contribute to the UK and Scottish Governments achieving their renewable energy targets. Without this development, the likelihood of achieving renewable energy targets will be negatively impacted. The boulder relocation and pUXO target investigation work are key for the continued development of the Inch Cape OWF. There will be no effect on EPS from the proposed work if it is not undertaken. However, not undertaking the work is not a suitable option/satisfactory alternative because both aspects of the work are required for the construction of the Inch Cape OWF. Boulder relocation is required to clear the project area (DA and ECC) of boulders prior to construction. Without doing so construction of the the offshore substation flation (DSP). WTGs, and inter-array and export cables is not possible, pUXO target investigation work is required to identify any confirmed UXOS (LIXO) within the project area (DA and ECC) to inform CUXO elearance. Using existing data on pUXO clearance. Using existing data on pUXO clearance. The project therefore proposes to apply the mitigation outlined under option 4 while it undertakes the proposed work to negate and reduce potential effects on EPS (PTS and behavioural responses respectively).

Option 2: Conduct the surveys when marine EPS are not present This is not a satisfactory alternative because marine EPS, e.g., harbour porpoise, are present in the North Sea year round. This is also the case for the dolphin (and seal) species. Minke whales are present seasonally (between April and October). Although basking sharks are also present seasonally, they occur very infrequently at this latitude in the North Sea, It will not be possible to use an alternative location of the Plan Option Area is fixed, and this is the location form which wenkeds to be undertaken. The location of the cable corridor is driven by the location of suitable grid connection options, and is constrained by other factors. There is therefore no time of year when marine EPS are not present in the area surrounding the proposed work location (or any area within the North Sea). Therefore, conducting the proposed builder relocation and PUXO larget investigation work when marine EPS are not present is not an option. The project therefore proposes to apply the mitigation outlined under option 4 while it undertakes the proposed work to negate and reduce potential effects on EPS (PTS and behavioural responses respectively).

Option 3: Do not use equipment which emits sound The equipment proposed is industry standard and there are no suitable non-sound-emitting alternatives which could be used to undertake the same work. Not using equipment which emits sound equates to not undertaking the work because it cannot be obtained using alternative (i.e., non-sound-emitting) methods e.g., using divers for all of the offshore pUXO target investigation work instead of WROVs. Therefore, not using work methods and equipment which emits sound is not an option. The project therefore proposes to apply the mitigation outlined under option 4 while it undertakes the proposed work to negate and reduce potential effects on EPS (PTS and behavioural responses respectively).

Option 4: Restrict/reduce sound emitted by the equipment The equipment that will be used is standardly used, and the noise emitted is a function of its purpose and therefore not able to reduced if the objective of the work is to be met. The Project does however intend to adhere to the following: - High frequency equipment such as MBES and Imaging Sonar to be operated at frequencies above the hearing range of marine mammals where possible i.e., above 200 kHz. This will negate the potential for effect (PTS or behavioural response). - USBLs will only be used with a maximum source pressure level of <202 dB re 1 µPa @ 1 m.

n addition, watches for marine mammals, turtles and basking sharks will be conducted during all transits to and from work sites and actions in line with the Scottish Marine Wildlife Watching Code taken. This will reduce the potential for collisions with EPS and basking sharks.

8. Other Licences / Consents

Please detail below all licences / consents you have applied for or received. Before a licence can be granted, it is essential that other relevant licences or consents have been secured for the proposed activity (eq Marine licence).

Type of Licence / Consent (e.g. Marine Licence, Local Planing Authority, Local Works Licence)	Date Applied for	Reference no.	Date of issue of licence / consent
Section 36C	15/12/2022		14/06/2023
Marine Licence (GS)	15/12/2022	MS-00010140	14/06/2023
Marine Licence (OfTI)	30/03/2023	MS-00010593	09/11/2023
Marine Licence (Cofferdam)	19/02/2024	MS-00010690	23/05/2024
Marine Licence (Additional Landfall Works)	21/09/2023	MS-00010672	15/01/2024



9. Noise Monitoring

Please indicate if any of the following noise generating activities will be taking place during the operations:

Use of explosives	Piling	Use of Acoustic Deterrent Devices	
Survey equipment	operating i	n the range 10 Hz – 10kHz 🗌	

If you have ticked any of the above boxes please complete a Proposed Activity form in the Marine Noise Registry at: <u>https://mnr.jncc.gov.uk/</u>.

Please note the form must only be completed once for each activity. If you have already completed a form for this activity (eg through the marine licensing process) please give details.

EPS licence applications will not be accepted until this form has been completed and submitted.



11. Privacy notice

The Scottish Government's Marine Scotland Licensing Operations Team (MS-LOT) has a range of statutory responsibilities including determining applications for licences to disturb or injure marine European protected species (EPS) under the Conservation (Natural Habitats, &c.) Regulations 1994 (as amended) and The Conservation of Offshore Marine Habitats and Species Regulations 2017 and Basking shark licences under the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981 (as amended).

MS-LOT will, where necessary, process personal information including: names, addresses, email addresses and telephone numbers to determine a licence application. Personal information will be stored securely in the Scottish Government's official corporate record.

A full privacy notice can be found at: <u>http://www.gov.scot/Topics/marine/Licensing/marine/PrivacyNotice</u>. If you are unable to access this, or you have any queries or concerns about how your personal information will be handled, contact MS-LOT at: Marine Scotland - Licensing Operations Team, Marine Laboratory, 375 Victoria Road, Aberdeen, AB11 9DB. Email: <u>ms.marinelicensing@gov.scot</u>

Have you remembered to enclose Supporting Information with your application, as described in the accompanying guidance? Please check

Completed Application form	[
Completed Annex	[
Map / Chart	[
Correct co-ordinates	[
Additional information / EPS risk assessment	[



Part C. Declarations

11. I have read and understand the guidance provided in this application form. I declare that the particulars given are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief, and I apply for a licence in accordance with these particulars.

I authorise employees or representatives of the Scottish Ministers to enter the site which is subject to this application for the purpose of monitoring and inspecting the permitted works.

Warning

Under the Conservation (Natural Habitats, &c.) Regulations 1994 (as amended) it is an offence to fail to comply with the conditions imposed by a licence. The licensee is responsible for ensuring compliance with the licence.

The Scottish Ministers can modify or revoke a licence at any time, provided there are good reasons. Any licence that may be issued is likely to be revoked immediately if it is discovered that false information was provided and resulted in the issue of a licence.

Under the Conservation (Natural Habitats, &c.) Regulations 1994, any person who in order to obtain a licence knowingly or recklessly makes a statement or representation, or furnishes a document or information which is false in a material particular, shall be guilty of an offence and may be liable to criminal prosecution. Any person found guilty of such offences is liable on summary conviction to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months or to a fine not exceeding level 5 on the standard scale (currently £5,000), or to both imprisonment and a fine.

Note: Previous convictions for wildlife offences will be taken into account and in some cases may mean that the Scottish Ministers do not consider it appropriate to grant a licence.

Signature of the Applicant

[Redacted]

Date 25/07/2024

(The person named at part 1)

Name in BLOCK [Redacted] LETTERS

Note - If signing on behalf of a company, please append you signature with "on behalf of Company Name".

The completed application should be signed and sent to Marine Scotland Licensing Operations Team (MS-LOT) at the address below or emailed to <u>MS.Marinelicensing@gov.scot</u>

Please remember to include all supporting information.

Licensing Operations Team Marine Scotland EPS Division 375 Victoria Road Aberdeen AB11 9DB

Disclaimer

While every effort has been made to ensure the information contained in this document is accurate, nothing in this document should be taken to replace the current legislation in force at this time. You are advised to obtain qualified legal advice in relation to your rights and responsibilities under the 1994 Regulations and other legislation.

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<u>Annex A</u>

Only to be completed if you selected for Preserving public health or public safety in Question 6 of the application form

Please complete all questions

Give details of the risk to public health or safety

How has the risk been identified. Please give details of any expert advice received.

How will the proposed activity address the identified risk



<u>Annex B</u>

Only to be completed if you selected for *Imperative reasons* of overriding public interest (including those of a social or economic nature and beneficial consequences of primary importance for the environment) in Question 6 of the application form

Please complete all questions

What benefits will be provided by the proposed activity? Give details and indicate if they are social, economic or environmental. Please indicate if the benefits are short or long term.

The proposed boulder relocation and pUXO target investigation work is required for the development of the Inch Cape OWF. The development area was first identified as part of The Crown Estate (TCE) 2008 offer of lease areas for Offshore Wind development in Scottish Territorial Water (STW), and has now been adopted within the Scottish Sectoral Marine Plan for Offshore Wind. Installation of the proposed OWF will allow the export of renewable energy to the east coast of Scotland, which will assist in reaching climate change targets, benefiting both the economy and the environment. Other benefits include increased income and employment on a local, regional and national scale in addition to increased investment (e.g. infrastructure) in the area. The installation of this OWF will assist in meeting UK and Scottish Government climate change targets, which will provide long term economic and environmental benefits.

What public interest will be served? Who will benefit from the proposed activity? Does the proposed activity address a need?

The project will create employment during all phases for the population of the east of Scotland and the wider UK. It will contribute to the Scottish Government's aims of achieving Net Zero by 2045 and make a significant contribution to meeting the targets set out in the Climate Change (Emissions Reduction Targets) (Scotland) Act 2019. Contributing to meeting the aims of tackling climate change and reducing emissions will benefit the wider population.

Why is it imperative the proposed activity goes ahead?

Inch Cape OWF will contribute to the delivery of renewable energy generation in Scotland, and assist in meeting Scotland's climate change targets. In order to achieve this, boulder relocation and pUXO target investigation work is required so that construction of the Inch Cape OWF can be started. The proposed boulder relocation work will achieve this by clearing the Project area (DA and ECC) of boulders. The proposed pUXO target investigation work will achieve this by identifying cUXOs to inform UXO clearance work (required to make the Project area safe for construction to begin).

Does the proposed activity support any local regional or national policies? Please give details. Are you fulfilling a statutory role?

This project is in accordance with Scotland's Offshore Wind Policy Statement (2020) and the Scottish Energy Strategy (2017). One of the targets outlined in this strategy is that 50% of the energy for Scotland's heat, transport and electricity consumption is to be supplied from renewable sources. Inch Cape OWF will contribute to the delivery of renewable energy generation in Scotland, and assist in meeting Scotland's climate change targets. As highlighted above, the delivery of the project will contribute to meeting the emissions reduction targets and the aims of achieving Net Zero, as set out in the Climate Change (Emissions Reduction Targets) (Scotland) Act 2019.



<u>Annex C</u>

Only to be completed if you selected for *Preventing the spread of disease* in Question 6 of the application form

Please complete all questions

What disease(s) is / are at risk of being spread if the proposed activity does not go ahead? Please give details of any expert advice received.

How will the proposed activity prevent the spread of disease? Please give details of any expert advice received.



<u>Annex D</u>

Only to be completed if you selected for *Preventing serious damage to livestock, foodstuffs for livestock, crops, vegetables, fruit, growing timber or any other form of property, or to fisheries* in Question 6 of the application form.

Please complete all questions

What serious damage has occurred or will occur if the proposed activity does not go ahead. Please give details of any expert advice received.

How will the proposed activity prevent serious damage? Please give details of any expert advice received.

