



Cenos Offshore Windfarm Limited



Cenos EIA

Appendix 3 – Offshore Crossings Schedule

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REVISIONS & APPROVALS

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ACRONYMS

ACRONYM	DEFINITION
CNSE	Central North Sea Electrification Project
EIA	Environmental Impact Assessment
EIAR	Environmental Impact Assessment Report
EICC	Export/Import Cable Corridor
EMP	Environmental Management Plan
IAC	Inter-Array Cables
km	kilometre
m	Metre
MAA	Military Aviation Authority
MD-LOT	Marine Directorate – Licensing Operations Team
MLA	Marine Licence Application
Met	Meteorological
NM	Nautical Mile
OWF	Offshore Wind Farm
SG	Scottish Government
UK	United Kingdom
UXO	Unexploded Ordnance
WTG	Wind Turbine Generator

GLOSSARY

TERM	DEFINITION
2023 Scoping Opinion	Scoping Opinion received in June 2023, superseded by the 2024 Scoping Opinion.
2023 Scoping Report	Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) Scoping Report submitted in 2023, superseded by the 2024 Scoping Report.
2024 Scoping Opinion	Scoping Opinion received in September 2024, superseding the 2023 Scoping Opinion.
2024 Scoping Report	EIA Scoping Report submitted in April 2024, superseding the 2023 Scoping Report.
Area of Opportunity	The area in which the limits of electricity transmission via High Voltage Alternating Current (HVAC) cables can reach oil and gas assets for decarbonisation. This area is based on assets within a 100 kilometre (km) radius of the Array Area.
Array Area	The area within which the Wind Turbine Generators (WTGs), floating substructures, moorings and anchors, Offshore Substation Converter Platforms (OSCPs) and Inter-Array Cables (IAC) will be present.
Cenos Offshore Windfarm ('the Project')	'The Project' is the term used to describe Cenos Offshore Windfarm. The Project is a floating offshore windfarm located in the North Sea, with a generating capacity of up to 1,350 Megawatts (MW). The Project which defines the Red Line Boundary (RLB) for the Section 36 Consent and Marine Licence Applications (MLA), includes all offshore components seaward of Mean High Water Springs (MHWS) (WTGs, OSCP, cables, floating substructures moorings and anchors and all other associated infrastructure). The Project is the focus of this Environmental Impact Assessment Report (EIAR).
Cenos Offshore Windfarm Ltd. (The Applicant)	The Applicant for the Section 36 Consent and associated marine licences.
Cumulative Assessment	The consideration of potential impacts that could occur cumulatively with other relevant projects, plans, and activities that could result in a cumulative effect on receptors.

TERM	DEFINITION
Developer	Cenos Offshore Windfarm Ltd., a Joint Venture between Flotation Energy and Vårgrønn As (Vårgrønn).
Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA)	The statutory process of evaluating the likely significant environmental effects of a proposed project or development. Assessment of the potential impact of the proposed Project on the physical, biological and human environment during construction, operation and maintenance and decommissioning.
Environmental Impact Assessment Regulations	This term is used to refer to the Environmental Impact Assessment Regulations which are of relevance to the Project. This includes the Electricity Works (Environmental Impact Assessment) (Scotland) Regulations 2017, the Marine Works (Environmental Impact Assessment) (Scotland) Regulations 2017 (as amended); and the Marine Works (Environmental Impact Assessment) Regulations 2007.
Environmental Impact Assessment Report	A report documenting the findings of the EIA for the Project in accordance with relevant EIA Regulations.
Export/Import Cable	High voltage cable used to export/import power between the OSCP and Landfall.
Export/Import Cable Bundle (EICB)	Comprising two Export/Import Cables and one fibre-optic cable bundled in a single trench.
Export/Import Cable Corridor (EICC)	The area within which the Export/Import Cable Route will be planned and the Export/Import Cable will be laid, from the perimeter of the Array Area to MHWS.
Export/Import Cable Route	The area within the Export/Import Export Corridor (EICC) within which the Export/Import Cable Bundle (EICB) is laid, from the perimeter of the array area to MHWS.
Floating Turbine Unit (FTU)	The equipment associated with electricity generation comprising the WTG, the floating substructure which supports the WTG, mooring system and the dynamic section of the IAC.
Flotation Energy	Joint venture partner in Cenos Offshore Windfarm Ltd.

TERM	DEFINITION
Habitats Regulations	The Habitats Directive (Directive 92/43/ECC) and the Wild Birds Directive (Directive 2009/147/EC) were transposed into Scottish Law by the Conservation (Natural Habitats &c) Regulations 1994 ('Habitats Regulations') (up to 12 NM); by the Conservation of Offshore Marine Habitats and Species Regulations 2017 ('Offshore Marine Regulations') (beyond 12 NM); the Conservation of Habitats and Species Regulations 2017 (of relevance to consents under Section 36 of the Electricity Act 1989); the Offshore Petroleum Activities (Conservation of Habitats) Regulations 2001; and the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981. The Habitats Regulations set out the stages of the Habitats Regulations Appraisal (HRA) process required to assess the potential impacts of a proposed project on European Sites (Special Areas of Conservation, Special Protection Areas, candidate SACs and SPAs and Ramsar Sites).
Habitats Regulations Appraisal	The assessment of the impacts of implementing a plan or policy on a European Site, the purpose being to consider the impacts of a project against conservation objectives of the site and to ascertain whether it would adversely affect the integrity of the site.
High Voltage Alternating Current (HVAC)	Refers to high voltage electricity in Alternating Current (AC) form which is produced by the WTGs and flows through the IAC system to the OSCP. HVAC may also be used for onward power transmission from the OSCP to assets or to shore over shorter distances.
High Voltage Direct Current (HVDC)	Refers to high voltage electricity in Direct Current (DC) form which is converted from HVAC to HVDC at the OSCP and transmitted to shore over longer distances.
Horizontal Directional Drilling (HDD)	An engineering technique for laying cables that avoids open trenches by drilling between two locations beneath the ground's surface.
Innovation & Targeted Oil and Gas (INTOG)	In November 2022, the Crown Estate Scotland (CES) announced the Innovation & Targeted Oil and Gas (INTOG) Leasing Round, to help enable this sector-wide commitment to decarbonisation. INTOG allowed developers to apply for seabed rights to develop offshore windfarms for the purpose of providing low carbon electricity to power oil and gas installations and help to decarbonise the sector. Cenoss is an INTOG project and in November 2023 secured an Exclusivity Agreement as part of the INTOG leasing round.
Inter-Array Cable (IAC)	The cables which connect the WTGs to the OSCP. WTGs may be connected with IACs into a hub or in series as a 'string' or a 'loop' such that

TERM	DEFINITION
	power from the connected WTGs is gathered to the OSCP's via a single cable.
Joint Venture	The commercial partnership between Flotation Energy and Vårgrønn, the shareholders which hold the Exclusivity Agreement with CES to develop the Cenosis site as an INTOG project.
Landfall	The area where the Export/Import Cable from the Array Area will be brought ashore. The interface between the offshore and onshore environments.
Marine Licence	Licence required for certain activities in the marine environment and granted under the Marine and Coastal Access Act 2009 and/or the Marine (Scotland) Act 2010.
Marine Protected Area (MPA)	Marine sites protected at the national level under the Marine (Scotland) Act 2010 out to 12 NM, and the Marine and Coastal Access Act 2009 between 12-200 NM. In Scotland MPAs are areas of sea and seabed defined so as to protect habitats, wildlife, geology, undersea landforms, historic shipwrecks and to demonstrate sustainable management of the sea.
Marine Protected Area (MPA) Assessment	A three-step process for determining whether there is a significant risk that a proposed development could hinder the achievement of the conservation objectives of an MPA.
Mean High Water Springs (MHWS)	The height of Mean High Water Springs is the average throughout the year, of two successive high waters, during a 24-hour period in each month when the range of the tide is at its greatest.
Mean Low Water Springs (MLWS)	The height of Mean Low Water Springs is the average throughout a year of the heights of two successive low waters during periods of 24 hours (approximately once a fortnight).
Mitigation Measures	<p>Measures considered within the topic-specific chapters in order to avoid impacts or reduce them to acceptable levels.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Primary mitigation - measures that are an inherent part of the design of the Project which reduce or avoid the likelihood or magnitude of an adverse environmental effect, including location or design; • Secondary mitigation – additional measures implemented to further reduce environmental effects to 'not significant' levels (where appropriate) and do not form part of the fundamental design of the Project; and

TERM	DEFINITION
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Tertiary mitigation – measures that are implemented in accordance with industry standard practice or to meet legislative requirements and are independent of the EIA (i.e. they would be implemented regardless of the findings of the EIA). <p>Primary and tertiary mitigation are referred to as embedded mitigation. Secondary mitigation is referred to as additional mitigation.</p>
Mooring System	Comprising the mooring lines and anchors, the mooring system connects the floating substructure to the seabed, provides station-keeping capability for the floating substructure and contributes to the stability of the floating substructure and WTG.
Nature Conservation Marine Protected Area (NCMPA)	MPA designated by Scottish Ministers in the interests of nature conservation under the Marine (Scotland) Act 2010.
Offshore Substation Converter Platforms (OSCPs)	An offshore platform on a fixed jacket substructure, containing electrical equipment to aggregate the power from the WTGs and convert power between HVAC and HVDC for export/import via the export/import cable to/from the shore. The OSCP's will also act as power distribution stations for the Oil & Gas platforms.
Onward Development	Transmission projects which are anticipated to be brought forward for development by 3 rd party oil and gas operators to enable electrification of assets via electricity generated by the Project. All Onward Development will subject to separate marine licensing and permitting requirements.
Onward Development Area	The area within which oil and gas assets would have the potential to be electrified by the Project.
Onward Development Connections	Oil and gas assets located in the waters surrounding the Array Area will be electrified via transmission infrastructure which will connect to the Project's OSCP's. These transmission cables are referred to as Onward Development Connections.
Project Area	The area that encompasses both the Array Area and EICC.
Project Design Envelope	A description of the range of possible elements that make up the Project design options under consideration and that are assessed as part of the EIA for the Project.

TERM	DEFINITION
Study Area	Receptor specific area where potential impacts from the Project could occur.
Transboundary Assessment	The consideration of impacts from the Project which have the potential to have a significant effect on another European Economic Area (EEA) state's environment. Where there is a potential for a transboundary effect, as a result of the Project, these are assessed within the relevant EIA chapter.
Transmission Infrastructure	The infrastructure responsible for moving electricity from generating stations to substations, load areas, assets and the electrical grid, comprising the OSCPs, and associated substructure, and the Export/Import Cable.
Vårgrønn As (Vårgrønn)	Joint venture partner in Cenoss Offshore Windfarm Ltd.
Wind Turbine Generator (WTG)	The equipment associated with electricity generation from available wind resource, comprising the surface components located above the supporting substructure (e.g., tower, nacelle, hub, blades, and any necessary power transformation equipment, generators, and switchgears).
Worst-Case Scenario	The worst-case scenario based on the Project Design Envelope which varies by receptor and/or impact pathway identified.

18 OFFSHORE CROSSING SCHEDULE

18.1 Offshore Crossing Schedule

Table 18-1 How to read the Cenoss Offshore Windfarm Crossing Schedule

HEADING IN CROSSING SCHEDULE	EXPLANATION
Cenos Project Crossing Identification Number	This is the identification number that is given to each of the crossings that the Cenoss Offshore Windfarm Project will encounter.
Type of Obstacle	Description of the obstacle being crossed.
Project being crossed	Other projects that Cenoss Offshore Windfarm will encounter
Asset Owner	Known owner of the asset being crossed.

Table 18-2 Offshore Crossing Schedule for Cenoss Offshore Wind Farm

X COORDINATE	Y COORDINATE	CENOS PROJECT CROSSING ID	TYPE OF OBSTACLE	PROJECT BEING CROSSED	ASSET OWNER	LOCATION
217338.0117	6380850.557	ECRC01	CABLE	Eastern Green Link 2	Eastern Green Link 2	Within 12NM
217639.1185	6381159.756	ECRC02	CABLE	CNSE	Central North Sea Electrification Project	Within 12NM
217840.4122	6381366.435	ECRC03	CABLE	Eastern Green Link 3	Eastern Green Link 3	Within 12NM



X COORDINATE	Y COORDINATE	CENOS PROJECT CROSSING ID	TYPE OF OBSTACLE	PROJECT BEING CROSSED	ASSET OWNER	LOCATION
220789.6174	6384394.447	ECRC04	CABLE	HYWIND EXPORT CABLE	STATOIL	Within 12NM and Southern Trench MPA
222466.7123	6386114.208	ECRC05	CABLE	Muir Mhor Offshore Export Cable Corridor (Estimated)	Muir Mhòr Offshore Wind Farm	Within 12NM and Southern Trench MPA
224346.7905	6387138.525	ECRC06	CABLE	Salamander	Salamander Offshore Wind Farm	Within 12NM and Southern Trench MPA
226944.0321	6388670.889	ECRC07	PIPELINE	20" GAS FULMAR A - ST. FERGUS (PL208)	SHELL PLC	Within 12NM and Southern Trench MPA
242072.059	6390132.887	ECRC08	CABLE	Salamander	Salamander Offshore Wind Farm	12NM to MPA
255990.7986	6385625.962	ECRC09	PIPELINE	FORTIES C TO CRUDEN BAY (PL721)	INEOS FPS LTD	12NM to MPA
256018.4052	6385535.555	ECRC10	PIPELINE	FORTIES C TO CRUDEN BAY (PL8)	INEOS FPS LTD	12NM to MPA
256031.0932	6385494.004	ECRC11	CABLE	TAMPNET CNSFTC	TAMPNET	12NM to MPA
327343.3851	6376554.929	ECRC12	PIPELINE	DURWARD MANIFOLD TO DAUNTLESS OIL LINE (PL1304)	HESS LIMITED	12NM to MPA
327370.9046	6376553.319	ECRC13	PIPELINE	DURWARD MANIFOLD TO DAUNTLESS WATER (PL1306)	HESS LIMITED	12NM to MPA



X COORDINATE	Y COORDINATE	CENOS PROJECT CROSSING ID	TYPE OF OBSTACLE	PROJECT BEING CROSSED	ASSET OWNER	LOCATION
327399.9328	6376551.62	ECRC14	PIPELINE	DURWARD MANIFOLD TO DAUNTLESS GAS (PL1305)	SPIRIT ENERGY	12NM to MPA
332462.5143	6374407.175	ECRC15	PIPELINE	20" GAS FULMAR A - ST. FERGUS (PL208)	SHELL PLC	12NM to MPA
339178.6377	6370729.965	ECRC16	CABLE	CNSE	Central North Sea Electrification Project	12NM to MPA
360033.6216	6359477.877	ECRC17	PIPELINE	20" GAS FULMAR A - ST. FERGUS (PL208)	SHELL PLC	12NM to MPA
366535.7285	6362505.164	ECRC18	CABLE	CNSE	Central North Sea Electrification Project	12NM to MPA
393025.8277	6351903.107	ECRC19	PIPELINE	LANGELED PIPELINE (PL2071)	GASSCO AS	Within East of Gannet and Montrose Fields MPA
400034.6593	6343018.1	ECRC20	PIPELINE	CATS PIPELINE (PL774)	WOOD GROUP	Within East of Gannet and Montrose Fields MPA

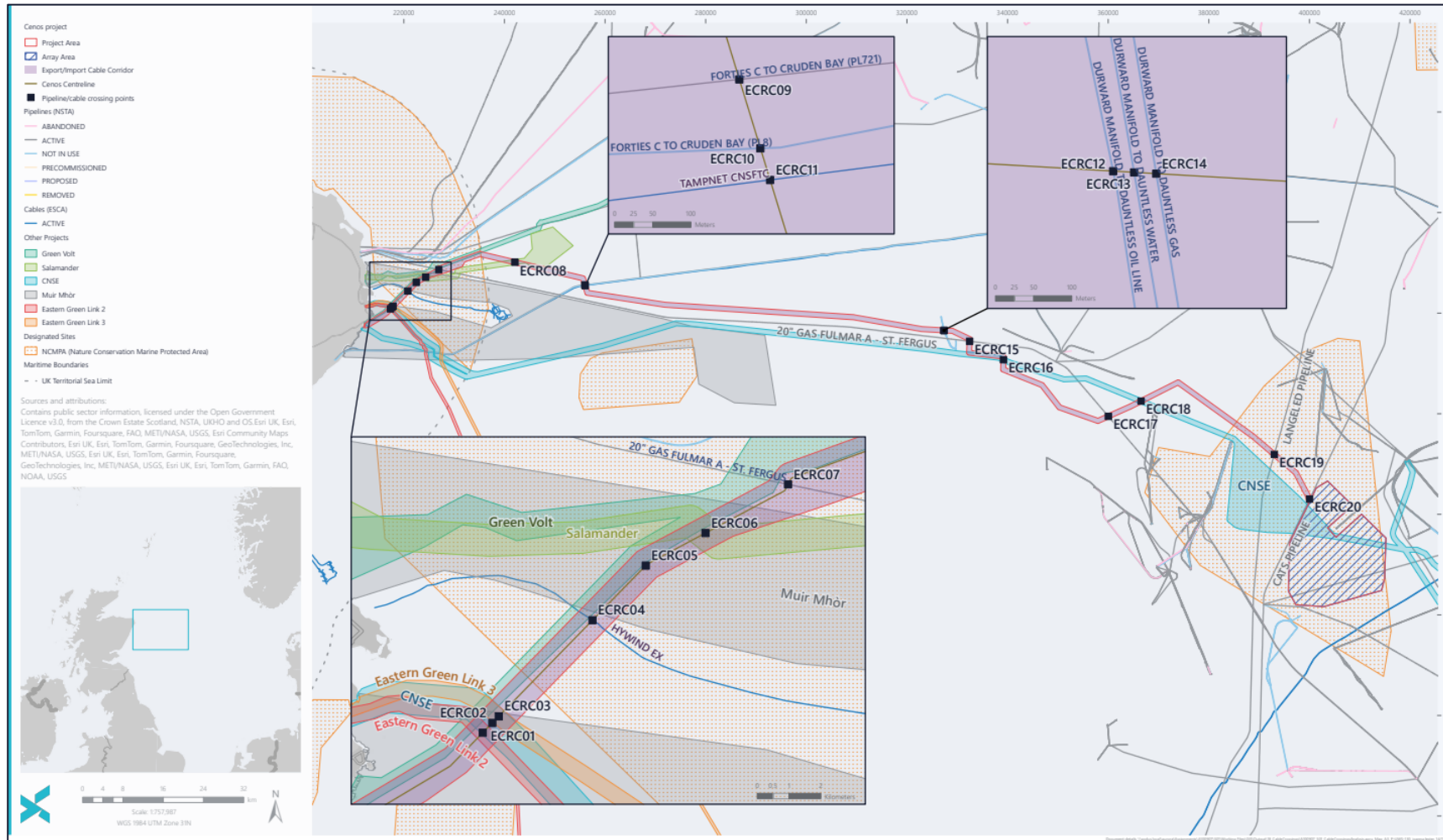


Figure 1-1 Cenosis Crossings