marinescotland



T: +44 (0)300 244 5046

E: ms.marinelicensing@gov.scot

Conservation (Natural Habitats, &c.) Regulations 1994 (as amended)

Application for a licence to disturb or injure marine European protected species (EPS) for one of the following purposes

- For preserving public health or public safety
- For an imperative reason of overriding public interest (including those of a social or economic nature and beneficial consequences of primary importance for the environment)
- For preventing the spread of disease
- For preventing serious damage to livestock, foodstuffs for livestock, crops, vegetables, fruit, growing timber or any other form of property, or to fisheries.

Please use this application form if you wish to undertake works/activities that would affect European protected species in the Scottish inshore marine area (0 – 12nm).

IMPORTANT: Before completing this form, please read these notes carefully

Applicants are advised to read these notes in conjunction with The Protection of Marine European Protected Species from injury and disturbance:Guidance for Scottish Inshore Waters. If further clarification is needed please contact Marine Scotland Licensing Operations Team (MS-LOT) on 0300 244 5046 or email:

ms.marinelicensing@gov.scot

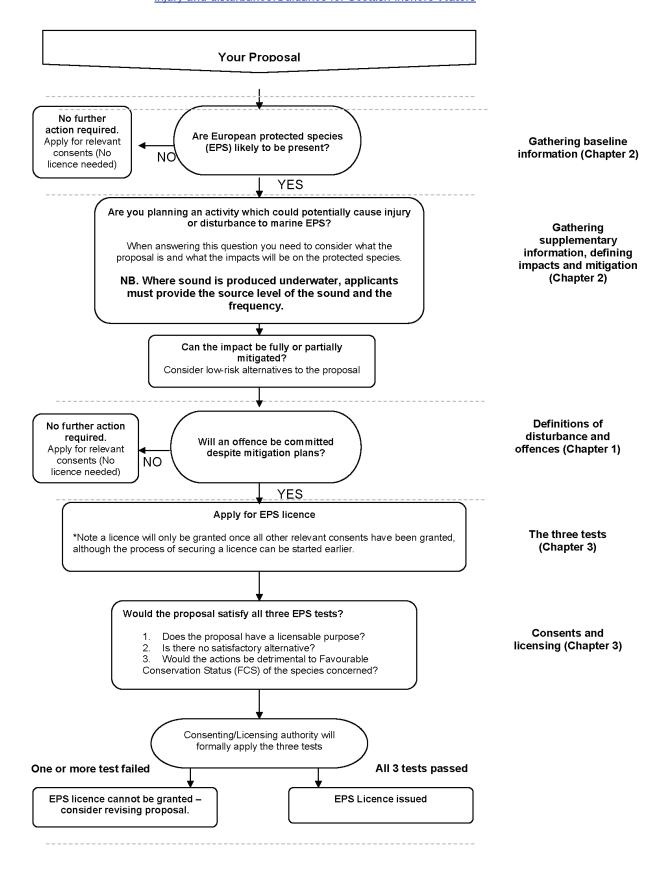






Flowchart showing the decision-making process

Please refer to the relevant chapter of <u>The Protection of Marine European Protected Species from injury and disturbance:Guidance for Scottish Inshore Waters</u>









Please complete all relevant sections of the form.

Please ensure that you answer questions fully in order to avoid delays.

The completed application should be sent to Marine Scotland Licensing Operations Team (MS-LOT) at the address below or emailed to ms.marinelicensing@gov.scot.

We will not process unsigned application forms.

Please ensure that you provide appropriate information to support your application. Applicants can provide this supporting information in the form of an EPS Risk Asessment. Guidance can be found in
The Protection of Marine European Protected Species from injury and disturbance:Guidance for Scottish Inshore Waters.">Waters.. Please contact MS-LOT if you wish to discuss the level of supporting documentation required for your application. Failure to provide sufficient supporting information may delay the consultation and licensing process.

MS-LOT will aim to determine whether a licence should be issued within 6 to 8 weeks of acceptance of a completed application. However, please note that for large scale or complex projects, the determination period may be longer.

If you experience any problems filling in this form, please contact MS-LOT.

Please use this application form if you wish to undertake works/activities that would affect European protected species in the Scottish marine area (0 – 12nm).

Please note that European protected species are also protected in the offshore marine environment (between 12 and 200 nautical miles). Species in this area are protected under The Conservation of Offshore Marine Habitats and Species Regulations 2017.

Do not use this form if your application relates to scientific, research, conservation or educational purposes. Please contact Scottish Natural Heritage (SNH Licensing, Great Glen House, Leachkin Road, Inverness IV3 8NW, Telephone 01463 725000, email licensing@snh.gov.uk or visit their website) for a licence application for these purposes. SNH also issues licences for the purposes of marking animals or plants in relation to conservation or introducing them to particular areas for conserving natural habitats, and for protecting zoological or botanical collections.

Before a licence can be granted, it is essential that other relevant licences or consents have been secured for the proposed activity (eg Marine licence).

It is the responsibility of the applicant to obtain any other consents or authorisations that may be required.

Part A Section 1 Personal details

Please provide details of the individual, company or partnership you wish to be named on the licence. The licensee is responsible for ensuring compliance with the licence and its conditions. Under the Conservation (Natural Habitats) Regulations 1994 (as amended) it is an offence to fail to comply with the terms and conditions of a licence.

Section 2 Previous applications

Please provide details of any previous relevant licences.







Part B Section 3

Species

Please provide details of the species that will be affected by the work, the number likely to be affected and a description of how this number was determined. This information can be described in detail in your supporting information. You will need to provide detailed proposals (to be included in the 'Supporting information') of all the mitigation work that you plan to carry out which will affect European protected species.

Location

Describe the location of the proposed works. Include a list of the latitude and longitude co-ordinates (WGS84) of the boundary points of the proposed project. WGS84 is the World Geodetic System 1984 and the reference co-ordinate system used for marine licence applications. Co-ordinates taken from GPS equipment should be set to WGS84. Coordinates taken from recent admiralty charts will be on a WGS84 compatible datum. Ordnance survey maps do not use WGS84. In a few cases, (e.g. laying of cables or pipelines) it may only be practicable to supply co-ordinates for the start and end points.

Example: For positions read from charts the format should be as in the example: 55°55.555'N 002°22.222'W (WGS84). The decimal point specifies that decimals of minutes are used and the datum is stated explicitly. If seconds are used then the format should be as in the example: 55°55'44"N 2°22'11"W (WGS84).

It is important that the correct positions, in the correct format, are included with this application, as any errors will result in the application being refused or delayed.

Section 4 Consideration of designated sites

Please provide details of any designated sites affected by your proposals. You are advised to consult Scottish Natural Heritage, or other appropriate regulator, if the work you propose to do affects a Natura site, an MPA or a Site of Special Scientific Interest.

Section 5 Activities to be licensed

Please indicate the activities you intend to undertake that would otherwise be unlawful Provide details of the proposed commencement and completion dates of the activities. The licence start date will not be backdated, since to commence a project for which a licence has not been obtained may constitute an offence resulting in appropriate legal action.

It is the licensee's responsibility to apply for any further licences or an extension prior to the expiry of the initial licence.

Section 6 Purpose of the licence application

Please indicate the purpose of the licence application, the first of the legal tests.

Please complete the relevant Annex to provide justification for the licensing purpose. This is the legal basis of the application.

Section 7 Satisfactory alternatives

Please provide your consideration of why there is no satisfactory alternative. This must include all other options that have been evaluated, the alternative sites that were considered by you and why they were rejected (if no other sites were considered, you must provide the reasons why), as well as all alternative methods of carrying out the work and alternatives dates / timings.

In relation to each alternative considered, please provide an explanation of why you consider it to be satisfactory or unsatisfactory. In respect of any alternative sites please provide the location(s) and details of the alternative site(s), or your views on how the activity/proposal might have been achieved differently, and any other helpful information; e.g., pros and cons of alternative sites, or whether there is likely to be demand for all suitable sites to be used to meet an identified need. Please explain how this conclusion was reached.







Section 8 Summary of the planning / licensing position

Detail all consents and licences required for the proposed project and indicate those that you have applied for or received.

Section 9 Noise Monitoring

Under the Marine Strategy Regulations (2010), there is now a requirement to monitor loud, low to mid frequency (10Hz to 10kHz) impulsive noise. This includes use of seismic airguns, other geophysical surveys (<10kHz), pile driving, explosives and certain acoustic deterrent devices. This monitoring requires completion of a form at the application stage (giving details of the proposed work) as well as completion of a 'close-out' form (giving details of the actual dates and locations where the activities occurred). The close-out form should be returned within 12 weeks of completing the 'noisy' activity or, in the case of prolonged activities such as piling for harbour construction or wind farms, at quarterly intervals or after each phase of foundation installation.

These forms are available at: https://mnr.jncc.gov.uk//

Section 10 Privacy notice

This section briefly describes the Scottish Ministers responsibilities in relation to Data Protection based on the requirements of the data protection laws and the Environmental Information (Scotland) Regulations 2004 and the Freedom of Information (Scotland) Act 2002.

Part D Section 11 Declaration and warning

It is important to read the Declaration and Warning sections before signing the application form.

Site visits and compliance checks

It is possible that the licensing authority may undertake a site visit prior to the issue of a licence. The majority of site visits will be arranged several days in advance and will be conducted in the presence of the licensee (or applicant) however there may be occasions when a site visit will be made at short notice.

Licensees should be aware that they may receive a request for a site visit by the licensing authority, or a person authorised by the licensing authority, to assess site conditions against the conditions of the licence. It is essential that if any of the agreed mitigation measures contained in the application and supporting information are changed for any reason, the licensing authority is informed as soon as possible.

The Licensing authority will monitor compliance with licences issued based on the information included in licence reports.

Where to seek further information

Further information can be obtained from Licensing Operations Team at the address below. If your proposal relates to one of the purposes for which SNH is the licensing authority, please contact your local office of SNH.

Licensing Operations Team Marine Scotland 375 Victoria Road

Aberdeen Tel: 0300 244 5046

AB11 9DB Email: MS.marinelicensing@gov.scot







Disclaimer

While every effort has been made to ensure the information contained in this document is accurate, nothing in this document should be taken to replace the current legislation in force at this time. You are advised to obtain qualified legal advice in relation to your rights and responsibilities under the 1994 Regulations and other legislation.

Part A. The Applicant: Personal details

These questions relate to the person who will be the named licensee. The licence can be issued to an individual or a company or a partnership and the licensee will be responsible for ensuring compliance with the licence and the conditions of the licence. Under the Conservation (Natural Habitats) Regulations 1994 (as amended) it is an offence to fail to comply with any condition imposed by a licence.

1. Name of applica	nt
Title: Reda	Forename(s): Redacted Surname: Redacted
Company Name:	Characan Detacleum Limited A cubeidion, of Lleabour Engage, ale
Company manner	Chrysaor Petroleum Limited, A subsidiary of Harbour Energy plc
Duainaga Titla (if Approp	rioto).
Business Title (if Approp	CNSE Project
Address:	Rubislaw House
	Anderson Drive
	Aberdeen AB15 6FZ
	7.5 TO 01 2
Tel no. (inc. dialling code	01224 204651
Email address:	Redacted
Liliali addiess.	Redacted
2. The Applicant:	Previous applications:
Have you previously neighbors	d a wildlife licence issued in the UK? (please tick as appropriate)
Yes ✓No (If yes, ple	ase complete below, if no, please go to Part B)
Who issued the licence?	MS-LOT
Licence number (most re	MS EPS/BS-00009959
Year in which the licence	e was issued. 2022
\\/hat anasiaa waxa aaya	Horhour pornoine (Phonocone phonocone): bottlepone deliblin (Turcione
What species were cover	truncatus); minke whale (Balaenoptera acutorostrata); white sided dolphin
	(Lagenorhynchus acutus) and white-beaked dolphin (Lagenorhynchus albirostris)
	<u> </u>
What activity was covere	ed by the licence e.g. disturb, injure? LICENCE TO DISTURB MARINE SPECIES







Part B. The Application

3. **Species**

(a) Please indicate which species is / are affected by the proposed works.

Common name(s):

Species Expected in the Vicinity of the Near-shore Survey Location:

- Harbour porpoise Bottlenose dolphin Minke whale

- White-beaked dolphin
- White-beared dolphin:
 Atlantic white-sided dolphin
 Predicted density surfaces would not be developed for the following species, therefore they have not been included within the EPS Risk Assessment:
- Risso's dolphin Long-finned pilot whale

Scientific name(s)

Species Expected in the Vicinity of the Near-shore Survey Location:

- Phocoena phocoena
- Tursiops truncatus
- Balaenoptera acutorostrata
- Lagenorhynchus albirostris
- · Lagenorhynchus acutus
 Predicted density surfaces would not be developed for the following species, therefore they have not been included within the EPS Risk Assessment:
- Orcinus orca
- Grampus griseus
- Globicephala melas

(b) How many individual animals will be affected by licensed work?

Injury - 0

Disturbance - it is estimated that the total number of individuals disturbed will be minimal (<1). The noise risk assessment concluded that the likelihood of behavioural changes based on numbers of mammals is <0.001% for all EPS species present. Therefore, for disturbance, the restricted period of operations, mitigation measures implemented and the low number of animals likely to be affected means impact at the population level is likely to be very small

Please provide a description of how this number was calculated / estimated

The underwater sound assessment was conducted using Xodus' Xposure model, a set of tools developed for common sound sources (e.g., piling, surveys). This modelling tool is based on an extended version of the semi-empirical model developed by Marsh & Schulkin (1962). The number of individuals which may experience disturbance from the worst-case scenario has been calculated based on the animal densities from Hammond et al. (2021) and the population data from IAMMWG (2021). In these calculations, the impact range serves as a radius with which to calculate the total area of coverage for a potential disturbance event associated with the survey activities.

Hammond, P.S., Lacey, C., Gilles, A., Viquerat, S., Börjesson, P., Herr, H., Macleod, K., Ridoux, V., Santos, M.B., Scheidat, M., Teilmann, J., Vingada, J., and Øien, N. (2021). Estimates of cetacean abundance in European Atlantic waters in summer 2016 from the SCANS-III aerial and shipboard surveys. June 2021.

IAMMWG (2021) Updated abundance estimates for cetacean Management Units in UK waters. JNCC Report No. 680, JNCC Peterborough, ISSN 0963-8091.

Marsh H.W. & Schulkin M. (1962) Shallow-Water Transmission. The Journal of the Acoustical Society of America, 34, 863.

(c) Location of proposed licensed action

Latitude and Longitude co-ordinates (WGS84) defining the extent of the project. Please continue on a separate sheet if necessary.

LATITUDE				LON	IGITU	JDE												
5	7	0	2	7	1	7	7	ίN	0	0	1	0	4	7	6	6	8	'W
5	7	0	2	6	3	0	2	'N	0	0	1	0	4	8	6	2	9	'W
5	7	0	2	2	4	6	7	'N	0	0	1	0	2	6	7	6	9	'W
5	7	0	2	2	0	0	3	'N	0	0	1	0	2	7	2	1	0	'W
		0						ίN				0						'W
		0						ίN				0						'W
		0						ίN				0						'W
		0						'N				0						'W





(d) Provide a brief description of the proposed activity and the methods to be used. Detailed information should be included in your Supporting Information

Please provide details of the source levels and frequencies of underwater noise if relevant

Harbour Energy are planning to undertake a geophysical and benthic survey of the CNSE Project proposed nearshore (<12nm) cable route corridor around Longhaven that will serve as landfall location for an HVDC cable connected to an offshore hub location in the CNS. In order to ascertain the seabed characteristics and the potential for protected features within the area, a geophysical, benthic and habitat assessment survey will be conducted. The proposed operations will take around 6 days including vessel standby time.

A number of different survey activities will be employed as part of the offshore survey works to further assess preferred cable route and the risk to protected species. They include: Survey equipment calibration testing; grab samples; and

- Geophysical surveys of the seabed

The proposed cable route survey will be completed using the following techniques: Multi Beam Echosounder (MBES), Single Beam Echosounder (SBES), Side Scan Sonar (SSS), Sub-Bottom Profiler (SBP), Magnetometer, Ultra-Short Baseline (USBL), Sound Velocity Profilers (SVP). Environmental survey methods will consist of drop-down camera and environmental grab sampling.

Underwater noise emissions from geophysical survey equipment is the primary source of potential injury and disturbance to EPS. While some survey techniques may introduce noise to the marine environment, the majority of survey equipment types do not operate in relevant frequency ranges or generate sufficient levels of noise to be considered as potential sources of noise-related injury or disturbance to EPS or pinnipeds. It is acknowledged that the physical presence of vessels during the proposed survey operations may also generate disturbance to EPS and pinnipeds.

Further details of the source levels and frequencies of deployed equipment can be viewed in Table 3-1 attached EPS Protected Sites and Species Risk Assessment 'A-100800-S01-A-REPT-001'

(e) Briefly state how you will minimise the impact of your proposed work on European protected species. Detailed information should be included in your Supporting Information.

Available mitigation measures specifically designed to mitigate injury risks from geophysical surveys will be adopted (JNCC, 2017). These measures include deployment of a Marine Mammal Observer (MMO) to monitor for the presence of marine mammals within a 500 m mitigation zone prior to the commencement of SBP operations (or any other component of geophysical survey which has the potential to disturb EPS). Dedicated Passive Acoustic Monitoring (PAM) operators may also be required to cover the hours of darkness and during periods when day-time conditions are not conducive for visual surveys (e.g. fog or increased sea states). The survey contractor will be providing a team to cover 24-hour observations / PAM during the survey.

Mitigation measures include:

- All vessels will adhere to the provisions of the Scottish Marine Wildlife Watching Code (SNH, 2017).
- Survey teams will be made aware of all protected species within the marine environment and their responsibility to implement the mitigations to be followed.
- Adherence to the JNCC 2017 guidelines for Marine Mammal Protection in order to reduce risk of injury and disturbance to marine mammals resulting from SBP survey operations.

Further details on proposed mitigation techniques are available within Section 3.5 of attached EPS Protected Sites and Species Risk Assessment 'A-100800-S01-A-REPT-001'

4. Consideration of designated sites

Designated Areas: National Nature Reserves (NNR), Sites of Specific Scientific Interest (SSSI), Special Protection Area (SPA), Special Areas of Conservation (SAC), Ramsar sites, Marine Protected Areas (MPA). designated Information on sites is available on Scottish Natural Heritage website (http://gateway.snh.gov.uk/sitelink/) or from your local SNH office.

(a)	Will any part of the proposed activity fall within /or adjacent to an area covered by a	
	designated site eg SSSI, SAC, MPA?	Yes ☑ No 🗌

Please give the name of the designated site(s) and either the outcome of your consultations or the reason why you have not consulted (see note 4). Please enclose any relevant correspondence.

The landfall section of the proposed cable route survey transects the Buchan Ness to Collieston Coast SPA. This SPA is designated for the breeding of fulmars, guillemots, herring

In addition, the proposed cable route survey is located, at the closest point, approximately < 1 km south of the Southern Trench NCMPA. The Southern Trench NCMPA is protected for the presence of mink whale, burrowed mud habitat, front and shelf deep

The CNSE Project recognises there is a potential for the proposed activities to result in adverse impacts on the qualifying features associated with these sites. However, the assessment found there is no potential for injury or significant disturbance to the qualifying features of these sites in the vicinity of the survey area; hence, the conservation status of the protected sites will not be compromised.

Given the overlap with Buchan Ness to Collieston Coast SPA, there may be the potential for disturbance of birds whilst foraging at-sea. However, any disturbance to birds will be localised and temporary, and these impacts are not expected to have any long-term significant effects on the bird species for which these sites are designated, and therefore no LSE are anticipated

Further details on consideration of designated sites are available within Section 4.2 of attached EPS Protected Sites and Species Risk Assessment 'A-100800-S01-A-REPT-001'





5. Activities to be Licenced

Proposed Methods

(a) Please complete all relevant columns in the table below to indicate the methods you propose to use, the activity involved and the time period in which you propose to use each method. This information will be used when preparing the licence to cover activities that would otherwise be unlawful, and failure to give full details may result in an inappropriate licence being issued.

	Activity to be	licensed (p	lease tick)			Tir	ne period
Captı	circumstances	Injure	Transport	Disturb/ Harass	Method be use (e.g. pilir	d, From	То
	only)			\checkmark	SBP	01-06-2023	31-07-2023
					SBES	01-06-2023	31-07-2023
	Purposes of the licence can only be issued	if 3 specific	legal tests are	met. The se			
amend	The options shown are led).	taken irom	the Conserva	tion (Natura	ii Habitats, &c	.) Regulations 19	994 (as
Please	indicate which purpose	relates to t	he proposed wo	orks			
(a) to publ	Preserving public healic healic health or public safety					s a risk	
Compl	ete Annex A						
	Imperative reasons of nic nature and beneficia tion 44(2)(e)						\checkmark
Compl	ete Annex B						
(c)	Preventing the spread	of disease	Regulation 44(2	?)(f)		[
Compl	ete Annex C					_	
	Preventing serious dar bles, fruit, growing timbe tion 44(2)(g).					[
Compl	ete AnnexD						





7. Satisfactory alternatives

This relates to the second of the legal tests which must be satisfied. Please explain why there is no satisfactory alternative to carrying out the proposed work affecting the species. You must describe all possible alternatives which were considered and why they were considered unsuitable. You must also consider the option of not undertaking the work. It is not acceptable to state that 'there is no alternative'.

The objective of the geophysical survey is to provide engineering level data suitable for further cable route development and to inform cable burial risk assessment. This data does not currently exist at the location of interest so needs to be acquired in order to progress the Project. Significant efforts were made prior to determine if existing suitable survey datasets were available, or otherwise to explore options for collaborative survey effort.

However in order to narrow the search area; the CNSE Project carried out detailed assessment prior to proposed survey route selection. This assessment included a substantial review of GIS and existing survey data to map out relevant environmental sensitivities in the area surrounding the proposed routes.

Areas were considered and ruled out on the following grounds:

- hard constraints for cable route recommend avoidance unless impacts can be mitigated
- soft constraints for cable route ideally avoid, but can often be mitigated.

Each constraint was further categorised by a RAG rating (Red, Amber, Green) and an associated weighting used in a cost path analysis.

Outputs from the above were then subject to engineering review and local editing/micro-routing of sites. Viable routes were then ranked, and the chosen route was identified by CNSE.

Please refer to document "CNSE Survey nearshore 2023 - Discussion of alternatives" for further detail on satisfactory alternatives to carrying out the proposed work affecting EPS.

8. Other Licences / Consents

Please detail below all licences / consents you have applied for or received. Before a licence can be granted, it is essential that other relevant licences or consents have been secured for the proposed activity (eg Marine licence).

Type of Licence / Consent (e.g. Marine Licence, Local Planing Authority, Local Works Licence)	Date Applied for	Reference no.	Date of issue of licence / consent
Marine Works licence application (CES)	29/03/2023	Pending	Pending
Marine Licence Exemption	17/04/2023	Pending	Pending





Please indicate if any of the following noise generating activities will be taking place during the operations:
Use of explosives ☐ Piling ☐ Use of Acoustic Deterrent Devices ☐ Survey equipment operating in the range 10 Hz – 10kHz ✓
If you have ticked any of the above boxes please complete a Proposed Activity form in the Marine Noise Registry at: https://mnr.jncc.gov.uk/ .
Please note the form must only be completed once for each activity. If you have already completed a form for this activity (eg through the marine licensing process) please give details.
Proposed Activity 3354 has been raised in the JNCC MNR

EPS licence applications will not be accepted until this form has been completed and submitted.





9. Noise Monitoring

11. Privacy notice

The Scottish Government's Marine Scotland Licensing Operations Team (MS-LOT) has a range of statutory responsibilities including determining applications for licences to disturb or injure marine European protected species (EPS) under the Conservation (Natural Habitats, &c.) Regulations 1994 (as amended) and The Conservation of Offshore Marine Habitats and Species Regulations 2017 and Basking shark licences under the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981 (as amended).

MS-LOT will, where necessary, process personal information including: names, addresses, email addresses and telephone numbers to determine a licence application. Personal information will be stored securely in the Scottish Government's official corporate record.

A full privacy notice can be found at: http://www.gov.scot/Topics/marine/Licensing/marine/PrivacyNotice. If you are unable to access this, or you have any queries or concerns about how your personal information will be handled, contact MS-LOT at: Marine Scotland - Licensing Operations Team, Marine Laboratory, 375 Victoria Road, Aberdeen, AB11 9DB. Email: ms.marinelicensing@gov.scot

Have you remembered to enclose Supporting Information with your application, as described in the accompanying guidance? Please check

Completed Application form	\checkmark
Completed Annex	\checkmark
Map / Chart	\checkmark
Correct co-ordinates	\checkmark
Additional information / EPS risk assessment	./





Part C. Declarations

11. I have read and understand the guidance provided in this application form. I declare that the particulars given are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief, and I apply for a licence in accordance with these particulars.

I authorise employees or representatives of the Scottish Ministers to enter the site which is subject to this application for the purpose of monitoring and inspecting the permitted works.

Warning

Under the Conservation (Natural Habitats, &c.) Regulations 1994 (as amended) it is an offence to fail to comply with the conditions imposed by a licence. The licensee is responsible for ensuring compliance with the licence.

The Scottish Ministers can modify or revoke a licence at any time, provided there are good reasons. Any licence that may be issued is likely to be revoked immediately if it is discovered that false information was provided and resulted in the issue of a licence.

Under the Conservation (Natural Habitats, &c.) Regulations 1994, any person who in order to obtain a licence knowingly or recklessly makes a statement or representation, or furnishes a document or information which is false in a material particular, shall be guilty of an offence and may be liable to criminal prosecution. Any person found guilty of such offences is liable on summary conviction to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months or to a fine not exceeding level 5 on the standard scale (currently £5,000), or to both imprisonment and a fine.

Note: Previous convictions for wildlife offences will be taken into account and in some cases may mean that the Scottish Ministers do not consider it appropriate to grant a licence.

Signature of the Applicant	Redacted	Date 09/05/2023
(The person named at part 1)		
Name in BLOCK LETTERS	Redacted	(on BEHALF OF HARBOUR ENERGY)

Note – If signing on behalf of a company, please append you signature with "on behalf of Company Name".

The completed application should be signed and sent to Marine Scotland Licensing Operations Team (MS-LOT) at the address below or emailed to MS.Marinelicensing@gov.scot

Please remember to include all supporting information.

Licensing Operations Team Marine Scotland EPS Division 375 Victoria Road Aberdeen AB11 9DB

Disclaimer

While every effort has been made to ensure the information contained in this document is accurate, nothing in this document should be taken to replace the current legislation in force at this time. You are advised to obtain qualified legal advice in relation to your rights and responsibilities under the 1994 Regulations and other legislation.

Marine Laboratory 375 Victoria Road, Aberdeen AB11 9DB http://www.gov.scot/Topics/marine/Licensing/marine







Annex A

Only to be	completed if you	selected for Prese	erving public healtl	h or public safety	in Question 6 of the
application	n form				

Please complete all questions
Cive details of the viels to multiple subth or pefets.
Give details of the risk to public health or safety
How has the risk been identified. Please give details of any expert advice received.
How will the proposed activity address the identified risk





Annex B

Only to be completed if you selected for *Imperative reasons* of overriding public interest (including those of a social or economic nature and beneficial consequences of primary importance for the environment) in Question 6 of the application form

Please complete all questions

What benefits will be provided by the proposed activity? Give details and indicate if they are social, economic or environmental. Please indicate if the benefits are short or long term.

The environmental and geophysical survey supports a proposed offshore electrification project, aligned with the UK Government's North Sea Transition Deal and Net Zero targets. Benefits of offshore electrification are economic and environmental with a large CO2 abatement potential and will enable provision of hydrocarbons produced at a low CO2 intensity. These benefits are long term.

What public interest will be served? Who will benefit from the proposed activity? Does the proposed activity address a need?

Public interest will be served in the eventual provision of hydrocarbons produced at a low CO2 intensity, aligned with Government/UK net zero targets. There is an overall reduction in offshore emissions from assets involved with electrification.

Why is it imperative the proposed activity goes ahead?

The survey activity is intrinsically linked to EIA and cable route engineering project milestones, and the timeline is critical to ensure that the CNSE project achieves maximum CO2 abatement potential.

Does the proposed activity support any local regional or national policies? Please give details. Are you fulfilling a statutory role?

CNSE Project supports the UK Government North Sea Transition Deal aims, and will contribute significant CO2 abatement in the CNS. This is not a statutory role.





Annex C

Only to be completed if you selected for <i>Preventing the spread of disease</i> in Question 6 of the application form
Please complete all questions
What disease(s) is / are at risk of being spread if the proposed activity does not go ahead? Please give details of any expert advice received.
How will the proposed activity prevent the spread of disease? Please give details of any expert advice received.





Annex D

Only to be completed if you selected for <i>Preventing serious damage to livestock, foodstuffs for livestock, crops, vegetables, fruit, growing timber or any other form of property, or to fisheries</i> in Question 6 of the application form.
Please complete all questions
What serious damage has occurred or will occur if the proposed activity does not go ahead. Please give details of any expert advice received.
How will the proposed activity provent serious damage? Please give details of any expert advice received
How will the proposed activity prevent serious damage? Please give details of any expert advice received.