marinescotland



T: +44 (0)300 244 5046

E: ms.marinelicensing@gov.scot

Conservation (Natural Habitats, &c.) Regulations 1994 (as amended)

Application for a licence to disturb or injure marine European protected species (EPS) for one of the following purposes

- For preserving public health or public safety
- For an imperative reason of overriding public interest (including those of a social or economic nature and beneficial consequences of primary importance for the environment)
- For preventing the spread of disease
- For preventing serious damage to livestock, foodstuffs for livestock, crops, vegetables, fruit, growing timber or any other form of property, or to fisheries.

Please use this application form if you wish to undertake works/activities that would affect European protected species in the Scottish inshore marine area (0 – 12nm).

IMPORTANT: Before completing this form, please read these notes carefully

Applicants are advised to read these notes in conjunction with The Protection of Marine European Protected Species from injury and disturbance:Guidance for Scottish Inshore Waters. If further clarification is needed please contact Marine Scotland Licensing Operations Team (MS-LOT) on 0300 244 5046 or email:

ms.marinelicensing@gov.scot

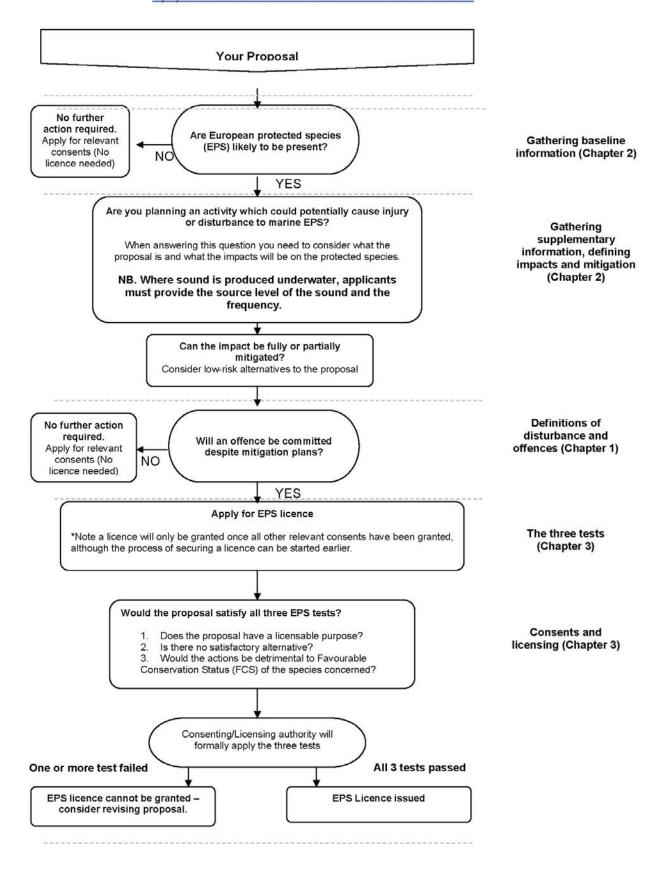






Flowchart showing the decision-making process

Please refer to the relevant chapter of <u>The Protection of Marine European Protected Species from injury and disturbance: Guidance for Scottish Inshore Waters</u>









Please complete all relevant sections of the form.

Please ensure that you answer questions fully in order to avoid delays.

The completed application should be sent to Marine Scotland Licensing Operations Team (MS-LOT) at the address below or emailed to ms.marinelicensing@gov.scot.

We will not process unsigned application forms.

Please ensure that you provide appropriate information to support your application. Applicants can provide this supporting information in the form of an EPS Risk Asessment. Guidance can be found in
The Protection of Marine European Protected Species from injury and disturbance:Guidance for Scottish Inshore Waters.">Waters.. Please contact MS-LOT if you wish to discuss the level of supporting documentation required for your application. Failure to provide sufficient supporting information may delay the consultation and licensing process.

MS-LOT will aim to determine whether a licence should be issued within 6 to 8 weeks of acceptance of a completed application. However, please note that for large scale or complex projects, the determination period may be longer.

If you experience any problems filling in this form, please contact MS-LOT.

Please use this application form if you wish to undertake works/activities that would affect European protected species in the Scottish marine area (0 – 12nm).

Please note that European protected species are also protected in the offshore marine environment (between 12 and 200 nautical miles). Species in this area are protected under The Conservation of Offshore Marine Habitats and Species Regulations 2017.

Do not use this form if your application relates to scientific, research, conservation or educational purposes. Please contact Scottish Natural Heritage (SNH Licensing, Great Glen House, Leachkin Road, Inverness IV3 8NW, Telephone 01463 725000, email licensing@snh.gov.uk or visit their website) for a licence application for these purposes. SNH also issues licences for the purposes of marking animals or plants in relation to conservation or introducing them to particular areas for conserving natural habitats, and for protecting zoological or botanical collections.

Before a licence can be granted, it is essential that other relevant licences or consents have been secured for the proposed activity (eg Marine licence).

It is the responsibility of the applicant to obtain any other consents or authorisations that may be required.

Part A Section 1 Personal details

Please provide details of the individual, company or partnership you wish to be named on the licence. The licensee is responsible for ensuring compliance with the licence and its conditions. Under the Conservation (Natural Habitats) Regulations 1994 (as amended) it is an offence to fail to comply with the terms and conditions of a licence.

Section 2 Previous applications

Please provide details of any previous relevant licences.







Part B Section 3

Species

Please provide details of the species that will be affected by the work, the number likely to be affected and a description of how this number was determined. This information can be described in detail in your supporting information. You will need to provide detailed proposals (to be included in the 'Supporting information') of all the mitigation work that you plan to carry out which will affect European protected species.

Location

Describe the location of the proposed works. Include a list of the latitude and longitude co-ordinates (WGS84) of the boundary points of the proposed project. WGS84 is the World Geodetic System 1984 and the reference co-ordinate system used for marine licence applications. Co-ordinates taken from GPS equipment should be set to WGS84. Coordinates taken from recent admiralty charts will be on a WGS84 compatible datum. Ordnance survey maps do not use WGS84. In a few cases, (e.g. laying of cables or pipelines) it may only be practicable to supply co-ordinates for the start and end points.

Example: For positions read from charts the format should be as in the example: 55°55.555'N 002°22.222'W (WGS84). The decimal point specifies that decimals of minutes are used and the datum is stated explicitly. If seconds are used then the format should be as in the example: 55°55'44"N 2°22'11"W (WGS84).

It is important that the correct positions, in the correct format, are included with this application, as any errors will result in the application being refused or delayed.

Section 4 Consideration of designated sites

Please provide details of any designated sites affected by your proposals. You are advised to consult Scottish Natural Heritage, or other appropriate regulator, if the work you propose to do affects a Natura site, an MPA or a Site of Special Scientific Interest.

Section 5 Activities to be licensed

Please indicate the activities you intend to undertake that would otherwise be unlawful Provide details of the proposed commencement and completion dates of the activities. The licence start date will not be backdated, since to commence a project for which a licence has not been obtained may constitute an offence resulting in appropriate legal action.

It is the licensee's responsibility to apply for any further licences or an extension prior to the expiry of the initial licence.

Section 6 Purpose of the licence application

Please indicate the purpose of the licence application, the first of the legal tests.

Please complete the relevant Annex to provide justification for the licensing purpose. This is the legal basis of the application.

Section 7 Satisfactory alternatives

Please provide your consideration of why there is no satisfactory alternative. This must include all other options that have been evaluated, the alternative sites that were considered by you and why they were rejected (if no other sites were considered, you must provide the reasons why), as well as all alternative methods of carrying out the work and alternatives dates / timings.

In relation to each alternative considered, please provide an explanation of why you consider it to be satisfactory or unsatisfactory. In respect of any alternative sites please provide the location(s) and details of the alternative site(s), or your views on how the activity/proposal might have been achieved differently, and any other helpful information; e.g., pros and cons of alternative sites, or whether there is likely to be demand for all suitable sites to be used to meet an identified need. Please explain how this conclusion was reached.







Section 8 Summary of the planning / licensing position

Detail all consents and licences required for the proposed project and indicate those that you have applied for or received.

Section 9 Noise Monitoring

Under the Marine Strategy Regulations (2010), there is now a requirement to monitor loud, low to mid frequency (10Hz to 10kHz) impulsive noise. This includes use of seismic airguns, other geophysical surveys (<10kHz), pile driving, explosives and certain acoustic deterrent devices. This monitoring requires completion of a form at the application stage (giving details of the proposed work) as well as completion of a 'close-out' form (giving details of the actual dates and locations where the activities occurred). The close-out form should be returned within 12 weeks of completing the 'noisy' activity or, in the case of prolonged activities such as piling for harbour construction or wind farms, at quarterly intervals or after each phase of foundation installation.

These forms are available at: https://mnr.jncc.gov.uk//

Section 10 Privacy notice

This section briefly describes the Scottish Ministers responsibilities in relation to Data Protection based on the requirements of the data protection laws and the Environmental Information (Scotland) Regulations 2004 and the Freedom of Information (Scotland) Act 2002.

Part D Section 11 Declaration and warning

It is important to read the Declaration and Warning sections before signing the application form.

Site visits and compliance checks

It is possible that the licensing authority may undertake a site visit prior to the issue of a licence. The majority of site visits will be arranged several days in advance and will be conducted in the presence of the licensee (or applicant) however there may be occasions when a site visit will be made at short notice.

Licensees should be aware that they may receive a request for a site visit by the licensing authority, or a person authorised by the licensing authority, to assess site conditions against the conditions of the licence. It is essential that if any of the agreed mitigation measures contained in the application and supporting information are changed for any reason, the licensing authority is informed as soon as possible.

The Licensing authority will monitor compliance with licences issued based on the information included in licence reports.

Where to seek further information

Further information can be obtained from Licensing Operations Team at the address below. If your proposal relates to one of the purposes for which SNH is the licensing authority, please contact your local office of SNH.

Licensing Operations Team Marine Scotland 375 Victoria Road Aberdeen

Tel: 0300 244 5046

AB11 9DB Email: MS.marinelicensing@gov.scot







Disclaimer

While every effort has been made to ensure the information contained in this document is accurate, nothing in this document should be taken to replace the current legislation in force at this time. You are advised to obtain qualified legal advice in relation to your rights and responsibilities under the 1994 Regulations and other legislation.

Part A. The Applicant: Personal details

These questions relate to the person who will be the **named licensee**. The licence can be issued to an individual or a company or a partnership and the licensee will be responsible for ensuring compliance with the licence and the conditions of the licence. Under the Conservation (Natural Habitats) Regulations 1994 (as amended) it is an offence to fail to comply with any condition imposed by a licence.

1.	Name of applica	nt								
Title:	Mr	Forena	ame(s):	Sandy		Surna	me: Smith	l		
Compa	any Name:	Shell l	JK Limi	ted						
Business Title (if Appropriate):			Subsea Operations Engineer							
		_								
Addres	ss:		1 Altens	Farm	Road					
			Nigg Aberdee	'n						
			AB12 3FY							
Tel no. (inc. dialling code):		e): [01224 8	84261				\neg		
Email address: sandy			sandy.s	ndy.smith@shell.com						
		_								
2.	The Applicant:	Previo	us appli	cations	S :					
Have y	ou previously held	d a wildl	ife licend	e issue	ed in the UK?	(please tic	k as approp	oriate)		
Yes ✓	No∭ (If yes, ple	ase con	nplete be	elow, if	no, please go	to Part B)				
Who is	Who issued the licence? Marine Scotland									
INCHINO COCICINO										
Licence	e number (most re	ecent lic	ence)	MS E	EPS 16/2017	/0				
Vear in	which the licence	a was iso	haus	0047	,		\neg			
rear ii	willon the licence	5 Was 13	sucu.	2017						
What s	species were cove	red by tl	he licend	e?	Bottlenose of	dolphin, h	narbour po	orpoise and	white-beaked	
					dolphin.					
				l						
What a	ectivity was covere	ed by the	e licence	e.g. di	sturb, injure?	Disturb (2017 pipe	eline route s	urvey)	



Part B. The Application

3. Species

(a) Please indicate which species is / are affected by the proposed works.

Bottlenose dolphin, harbour porpoise, white-beaked dolphin, white-sided dolphin, minke whale.

Scientific name(s)

Tursiops truncata, Phocoena phocoena, Lagenorhynchus albirostris, Lagenorhynchus obliquidens, and Balaenoptera acutorostrata.

(b) How many individual animals will be affected by licensed work?

Only a small number of individuals will be affected by the work; up to 5 harbour porpoise, up to 2 white-beaked dolphin, and <1 white-sided dolphin, minke whale or bottlenose dolphin.

Please provide a description of how this number was calculated / estimated

The estimated number of marine mammals that could be disturbed is calculated as the product of the animal density and the area of the predicted disturbance zone using cetacean density estimates from the SCANS III data (Hammond et al, 2017). The maximum area covered by the acoustic survey is 8 km2 (see the EIA justification). The estimated number of animals disturbed is shown in Table 3.1 in the EIA justification.

Disturbance to any marine mammals will only be temporary and any marine mammals disturbed from the area would return after cessation of activities associated with the proposed survey.

Note the below co-ordinates are in Degrees, Minutes, Seconds.

(c) Location of proposed licensed action

Latitude and Longitude co-ordinates (WGS84) defining the extent of the project. Please continue on a separate sheet if necessary.

LA	ΓΙΤυ	DE							LON	IGITU	JDE							
5	7	0	3	4	5	2	"	ίN		0	1	0	4	9	3	8	"	'W
5	7	0	3	5	3	6	"	ίN		0	1	0	4	4	2	0	"	'W
5	7	0	3	4	2	6	"	ίN		0	1	0	4	4	2	0	"	'W
5	7	0	3	4	1	8	"	ίN		0	1	0	4	9	2	3	"	'W
		0						ίN				0						'W
		0						ίN				0						'W
		0						'N				0						'W
		0						ίN				0						'W





(d) Provide a brief description of the proposed activity and the methods to be used.

Detailed information should be included in your Supporting Information

Please provide details of the source levels and frequencies of underwater noise if relevant

The proposed pipeline inspection routes are approximately 5km in length each (PL002: 5.25km, PL2029: 5.34km, PL1978: 5.30km, and PL208: 5.32km). Note two MEG lines will also be surveyed (PL2032 and PL1979), they are piggy-backed onto PL2029 and PL1978 respectively. The survey will commence in August 2020 with an earliest start date of 7th August 2020. The pipeline inspection will be conducted by a nearshore survey vessel owned and operated by Fugro. It is expected that the pipeline inspection will take up to a maximum of 8 working days, with the sub-bottom profiling (SBP) component of the survey expected to take a maximum of 4 days.

The survey vessel will acquire data collected via the following survey equipment:

- Sub-bottom profiler (SBP);
- Side-scan sonar (SSS); and
- Multi-beam echosounder (MBES)

Please see the EIA for the proposed frequencies associated with the SBP and MBES.

The survey vessel will be acquiring acoustic data from the shore outwards (seaward) along the pipeline routes to allow any potentially disturbed cetaceans to be directed away from the shore rather than onshore.

- (e) Briefly state how you will minimise the impact of your proposed work on European protected species. Detailed information should be included in your Supporting Information.
 - The SBP component of the survey is expected to last a maximum of 4 days, with the entire survey including the MBES taking a maximum of 8 days, subject to weather and tidal conditions.
 - The survey vessel will be acquiring acoustic data from the shore outwards (seaward) along the pipeline routes to allow any potentially disturbed cetaceans to be directed away from the shore rather than onshore.
 - There will be a qualified MMO aboard the vessel during the entire survey, who will be following JNCC (2017) guidelines for minimising the risk of injury to marine mammals from geophysical surveys. When the MMO observation period is ongoing, the designated MMO will not be required to undertake any other duties on the vessel.

4. Consideration of designated sites

Designated Areas: National Nature Reserves (NNR), Sites of Specific Scientific Interest (SSSI), Special Protection Area (SPA), Special Areas of Conservation (SAC), Ramsar sites, Marine Protected Areas (MPA). Information on designated sites is available on Scottish Natural Heritage website (http://gateway.snh.gov.uk/sitelink/) or from your local SNH office.

(a)	Will any part of the proposed activity fall within /or adjacent to an area covered by a	
	designated site eg SSSI, SAC, MPA?	Yes ✓ No 🗌

(b) Please give the name of the designated site(s) and either the outcome of your consultations or the reason why you have not consulted (see note 4). Please enclose any relevant correspondence.

Southern Trench possible Marine Protected Area (pMPA).

SNH have not been consulted as the work is a standard pipeline survey work which has been undertaken in this area previously (2017) with no objections raised from SNH. The proposed survey area and format (use of SBP, data acquired in a seaward direction, etc.) are similar to the survey undertaken in 2017 at St Fergus.







5. Activities to be Licenced

Proposed Methods

(a) Please complete all relevant columns in the table below to indicate the methods you propose to use, the activity involved and the time period in which you propose to use each method. This information will be used when preparing the licence to cover activities that would otherwise be unlawful, and failure to give full details may result in an inappropriate licence being issued.

	Activity to be	licensed (p	lease tick)			Time	period
Capture	circumstances	Injure	Transport	Disturb/ Harass	Method to be used, (e.g. piling)	From	То
	only)				Acoustic survey	07/08/2020	30/09/2020
6. P	urposes of the licen	ce applicat	ion (tick one b	ox only)			
	e can only be issued e options shown are d).						
Please in	dicate which purpose	relates to th	ne proposed wo	orks			
	Preserving public heal health or public safet					sk]
Complet	e Annex A						
economi	mperative reasons of continuous and beneficial on 44(2)(e)					\checkmark]
Complet	e Annex B						
(c) F	Preventing the spread	of disease I	Regulation 44(2	2)(f)			
Complet	e Annex C						
(d) Preventing serious damage to livestock, foodstuffs for livestock, crops, vegetables, fruit, growing timber or any other form of property, or to fisheries Regulation 44(2)(g).]		
Complet	e AnnexD						





7. Satisfactory alternatives

This relates to the second of the legal tests which must be satisfied. Please explain why there is no satisfactory alternative to carrying out the proposed work affecting the species. You must describe all possible alternatives which were considered and why they were considered unsuitable. You must also consider the option of not undertaking the work. It is not acceptable to state that 'there is no alternative'.

Do nothina

Maintaining oil and gas infrastructure integrity is essential to ensure safe delivery of the product and to reduce the risk of leaks and associated environmental incidents. The St Fergus pipeline survey is a part of Shell's pipeline maintenance programme investigating and monitoring the condition and integrity of Shell's pipelines in the North Sea. By doing nothing there is the risk that any damage to or anomolies in the pipelines may be missed. By going undetected, any damage/anomalies to the pipelines could lead to a number of scenarios:

- 1) Requirement to shut in the pipelines due to loss of integrity leading to lack of supply of hydrocarbons in to St Fergus;
- 2) Possible pipeline rupture and resulting spill of hydrocarbons to the marine and coastal environment, with possible adverse consequences on cetaceans and other flora/fauna in the marine ecosystem:
- 3) There is also the possibility that any free-spans or other snagging hazards along the pipeline routes may be missed, creating hazards for inshore fisheries vessels. This could lead to pipeline damage or rupture or, in a worst-case scenario, could lead to loss of life from the sinking of a fishing vessel.

Alternative Methods

No other satisfactory alternatives are available for the pipeline inspection. The use of an ROV vessel is impractical due to the relatively shallow water (~10m) encountered and possible low visibility. Furthermore, no other practical survey method would provide the detailed information on the burial status/depth of the pipelines which is essential for pipeline maintenance.

Alternative Locations

It is not possible to consider alternative locations for the pipeline inspections given that these pipelines are the subject of investigation. Therefore, the location of the pipeline survey is pre-determined and it is not possible to change it.

Alternative Timing and Duration

The survey is planned to occur from the 7th August and will take a maximum of 4 working days (for the MBES and SBP surveying) which is the shortest period over which data can be collected. The exact timing of the survey is dependent on favourable weather conditions and vessel availability. The number of lines of data being acquired is the minimum required to meet the survey goals, so the duration of the survey cannot be reduced.

Altarnativa Vassal

The proposed vessel has been specially designed to minimise fuel usage and reduce emissions. The vessel conforms to industry and regulatory standards. The proposed vessel allows both good data quality collection and a low impact on the marine environment. The vessel is robust in adverse weather allowing the survey to be completed in less time thus minimising the potential disturbance on the marine environment.

8. Other Licences / Consents

Please detail below all licences / consents you have applied for or received. Before a licence can be granted, it is essential that other relevant licences or consents have been secured for the proposed activity (eg Marine licence).

Type of Licence / Consent (e.g. Marine Licence, Local Planing Authority, Local Works Licence)	Date Applied for	Reference no.	Date of issue of licence / consent
Consent to undertake a geophysical survey	01/07/2020	SA/1323 GS/1111/0	





Please indicate if any of the following noise generating activities will be taking place during the operations: Use of explosives Piling Use of Acoustic Deterrent Devices Survey equipment operating in the range 10 Hz – 10kHz V If you have ticked any of the above boxes please complete a Proposed Activity form in the Marine Noise Registry at: https://mnr.jncc.gov.uk/. Please note the form must only be completed once for each activity. If you have already completed a form for this activity (eg through the marine licensing process) please give details. JNCC registry numbers 2317 (SBP) and 2318 (MBES).

EPS licence applications will not be accepted until this form has been completed and submitted.





9. Noise Monitoring

11. Privacy notice

The Scottish Government's Marine Scotland Licensing Operations Team (MS-LOT) has a range of statutory responsibilities including determining applications for licences to disturb or injure marine European protected species (EPS) under the Conservation (Natural Habitats, &c.) Regulations 1994 (as amended) and The Conservation of Offshore Marine Habitats and Species Regulations 2017 and Basking shark licences under the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981 (as amended).

MS-LOT will, where necessary, process personal information including: names, addresses, email addresses and telephone numbers to determine a licence application. Personal information will be stored securely in the Scottish Government's official corporate record.

A full privacy notice can be found at: http://www.gov.scot/Topics/marine/Licensing/marine/PrivacyNotice. If you are unable to access this, or you have any queries or concerns about how your personal information will be handled, contact MS-LOT at: Marine Scotland - Licensing Operations Team, Marine Laboratory, 375 Victoria Road, Aberdeen, AB11 9DB. Email: ms.marinelicensing@gov.scot

Have you remembered to enclose Supporting Information with your application, as described in the accompanying guidance? Please check

Completed Application form	\checkmark
Completed Annex	\checkmark
Map / Chart	\checkmark
Correct co-ordinates	\checkmark
Additional information / EPS risk assessment	/





Part C. Declarations

11. I have read and understand the guidance provided in this application form. I declare that the particulars given are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief, and I apply for a licence in accordance with these particulars.

I authorise employees or representatives of the Scottish Ministers to enter the site which is subject to this application for the purpose of monitoring and inspecting the permitted works.

Warning

Under the Conservation (Natural Habitats, &c.) Regulations 1994 (as amended) it is an offence to fail to comply with the conditions imposed by a licence. The licensee is responsible for ensuring compliance with the licence.

The Scottish Ministers can modify or revoke a licence at any time, provided there are good reasons. Any licence that may be issued is likely to be revoked immediately if it is discovered that false information was provided and resulted in the issue of a licence.

Under the Conservation (Natural Habitats, &c.) Regulations 1994, any person who in order to obtain a licence knowingly or recklessly makes a statement or representation, or furnishes a document or information which is false in a material particular, shall be guilty of an offence and may be liable to criminal prosecution. Any person found guilty of such offences is liable on summary conviction to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months or to a fine not exceeding level 5 on the standard scale (currently £5,000), or to both imprisonment and a fine.

Note: Previous convictions for wildlife offences will be taken into account and in some cases may mean that the Scottish Ministers do not consider it appropriate to grant a licence.

Signature of the Applicant	[Redacted]	Date 02.7.2020
(The person named at pa	art 1)	
Name in BLOCK	SANDY SMITH	

Note – If signing on behalf of a company, please append you signature with "on behalf of Company Name".

The completed application should be signed and sent to Marine Scotland Licensing Operations Team (MS-LOT) at the address below or emailed to MS-Marinelicensing@gov.scot

Please remember to include all supporting information.

Licensing Operations Team Marine Scotland EPS Division 375 Victoria Road Aberdeen AB11 9DB

Disclaimer

While every effort has been made to ensure the information contained in this document is accurate, nothing in this document should be taken to replace the current legislation in force at this time. You are advised to obtain qualified legal advice in relation to your rights and responsibilities under the 1994 Regulations and other legislation.

Marine Laboratory, 375 Victoria Road, Aberdeen AB11 9DB http://www.gov.scot/Topics/marine/Licensing/marine







Annex A

Only to be completed if you selected	for Preserving public hea	alth or public safety in	Question 6 of the
application form			

Please complete all questions
Give details of the risk to public health or safety
·
How has the risk been identified. Please give details of any expert advice received.
How will the proposed activity address the identified risk





Annex B

Only to be completed if you selected for *Imperative reasons* of overriding public interest (including those of a social or economic nature and beneficial consequences of primary importance for the environment) in Question 6 of the application form

Please complete all questions

What benefits will be provided by the proposed activity? Give details and indicate if they are social, economic or environmental. Please indicate if the benefits are short or long term.

Maintaining oil and gas infrastructure integrity is essential to ensure safe delivery of the product and to reduce the risk of leaks and associated environmental incidents. Therefore there are social, economic and environmental benefits provided by ensuring that the pipeline's integrity is maintained.

What public interest will be served? Who will benefit from the proposed activity? Does the proposed activity address a need?

Oil and gas production is important as its products underpin modern society mainly supplying energy to power industry, heat homes, products such as chemicals/plastics, and provide fuel for vehicles and other transport. The UK oil and gas industry employs over 450,000 in the UK and is worth about £35bn to the UK economy.

By maintaining the pipelines, Shell ensures security of supply.

Why is it imperative the proposed activity goes ahead?

It is imperative that the pipelines are surveyed to ensure their integrity is maintained (as per the Pipelines Safety Regulations 1996 and the survey requirements in Regulation 13, 16 and Schedule 5). It this is not undertaken, there is the risk that any damage to, or anomolies in, the pipelines may be missed. By going undetected, any damage/anomalies to the pipelines could lead to a number of scenarios:

- 1) Requirement to shut in the pipelines due to loss of integrity, leading to lack of supply of hydrocarbons in to St Fergus and so less hydrocarbons available within Scotland/UK;
- 2) Possible pipeline rupture and resulting spill of hydrocarbons to the marine and coastal environment, with possible adverse consequences on cetaceans and other flora/fauna in the marine ecosystem;
- 3) There is also the possibility that any free-spans or other snagging hazards along the pipeline routes may be missed, creating hazards for inshore fisheries vessels. This could lead to pipeline damage or rupture or, in a worst-case scenario, could lead to loss of life from a sinking fishing vessel.

Does the proposed activity support any local regional or national policies? Please give details. Are you fulfilling a statutory role?

Scottish National Marine Plan.

Oil and Gas Marine Planning Policies:

- 1. maximise and prolong oil and gas exploration and production,
- 3. Support infrastructure for oil and gas developments,
- 5. Take account of potential environment risks and hazards,
- Risk reduction measures.







Annex C

Only to be completed if you selected for <i>Preventing the spread of disease</i> in Question 6 of the application form
Please complete all questions
What disease(s) is / are at risk of being spread if the proposed activity does not go ahead? Please give details of any expert advice received.
How will the proposed activity prevent the spread of disease? Please give details of any expert advice received.





Annex D

Only to be completed if you selected for <i>Preventing serious damage to livestock, foodstuffs for livestock, crops, vegetables, fruit, growing timber or any other form of property, or to fisheries in Question 6 of the application form.</i>
Please complete all questions
What serious damage has occurred or will occur if the proposed activity does not go ahead. Please give details of any expert advice received.
How will the proposed activity provent serious damage? Please give details of any expert advice received
How will the proposed activity prevent serious damage? Please give details of any expert advice received.